THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 308

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : : 25
To carriers and news-dealers, per copy : 5
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : : 5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion : 50
" " two weeks : : : : : : 6 00
" " one month : : : : : : 8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitutes a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the Weekly paper only, or at irregular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.

☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ No advertisement will appear in the Weekly paper unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : : 4 50
" twenty or more, each : : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5627.

1 Tisri, 10th September, 1866.
1 Kheswan, 10th October, " "
1 Chisleu, 9th November, " "
1 Tebeth, 9th December, " "
1 Shebat, 7th January, 1867.
1 Adar, 6th February, " "
1 Veadar, 8th March, " "
1 Nisan, 6th April, " "
1 Iiar, 6th May, " "
1 Sivan, 4th June, " "
Thamur, 4th July, " "
1 Ab, 2d August, " "
1 Elul, 1st September, " "

Ash Wednesday, 6th March, 1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April, "
Good Friday, 19th April, "
Easter Sunday, 21st April, "
Ascension, 30th May, "
Pentecost, 9th June, "
Saint Andrews Day, 30th November in each year.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 188. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, corner 2d and Main. D. C. Trader, W. M.; H. T. Tomlinson, Sec.

SOLOMON'S, No. 118. Meets 24 Friday of each month—Hall, cor Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor Madison and Second. John Alcock, W. M.; Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 269. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. Butler, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. John J. Worcham, 33°, W. M.; E. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. C. J. Wheeler, H. P.; H. H. Poynter, Sec.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry F. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 2. Meets 4th Tuesday in each month. Wm. Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASSIUS Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarsh.·.; ——, Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K.·.H.·. 30th, No. 1. Henry F. Woodard, 32d, Comm.·.; William Y. Uredo 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John A. Quitman, 33d, Comm.·. in Chief; Lodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Dissolution.

THE Law Firm of HAYNES, HEATH & LEWIS is this day dissolved. The unfinished business of the firm will have the attention of each and all of the undersigned.

Landon C Haynes has associated with him, in the practice of the law, in all its branches, his son-in-law, Francis D. Stockton, and has Robert W. Haynes, and the style of their firm is HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAYNES, offices in "Vincent's Building," corner East Court and Second streets.

R. H. Heath also, A. M. Lewis are associated in the practice of the law, in all its branches, and may be found at the old office, Southwest corner Second and Union streets, up stairs. The style of their firm is HEATH & LEWIS.

The parties may be consulted, in regard to the old business, at their respective offices.

LANDON C. HAYNES,
R. H. HEATH,
A. M. LEWIS.

June 18, 1867.

NEW LAW FIRM.

LANDON C. HAYNES, FRANCIS D. STOCKTON,
ROBERT W. HAYNES.

HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAYNES,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office---Rooms No. 3, Second Floor, "Vincent's Building,"

CORNER EAST COURT and SECOND STS.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

jy23 1m

Dissolution.

BY mutual consent, the firm of SHERMAN, TAYLOR & WEADLEY, Memphis, is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of WILLIAM WEADLEY.

The business will be conducted by the remaining partners, under the style of

SHERMAN, TAYLOR,

They assuming all the liabilities, and are alone authorized to use the name of the firm in settlements.

GEO. SHERMAN,
G. W. TAYLOR.
WM. WEADLEY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 20, 1867.

Having withdrawn from my copartnership with the house of Sherman, Taylor & Weadley, Memphis, I respectfully solicit my friends to extend to them their patronage and business.

jy21 3t WILLIAM WEADLEY.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Becher, Schultz & Co., is this day dissolved by limitation.

C. BECHER,
PHILIP BECHER,
THOS. B. WEBB,
C. H. S. SCHULTZ,
ALEX. ROHR, Jr.

July 1, 1867.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have formed a limited partnership, to commence July 1, 1867, and continue until May 1, 1868, under the firm name of BECHER & CO., of which general partners are P. BECHER, of Memphis, Tenn.; THOS. B. WEBB, of Memphis, Tenn.; the special partner is C. H. S. SCHULTZ, of Cincinnati, Ohio. General nature of business, buying and selling Hardware and Agricultural Implements.

P. Becher Contributes $12,463 11
Thos. B. Webb " 10,887 05
C.S. H. Schultz " 10,000 00

P. BECHER,
THOS. B. WEBB,
C. H. S. SCHULTZ.

Memphis, July 1, 1867. jy12 6w

STEAM BATHS.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed executed to me on the 26th day of June, 1866, by Moses J. Royston, Trezevant & Co., No. 276 Second street, Memphis, Tenn., (Ayers' Block), sell, at the highest bidder, For Cash, on the premises, the real estate, to-wit: A certain lot of ground in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, and city of Memphis, known and designated upon the plan of Hill's subdivision of County lot No 51, as lot No. 6, situated at the southeast corner of Robeson and Hill's streets, fronting 71 feet on the south side of Robeson street and extending her southward for depth 145½ feet between lines parallel with Hill street, to an alley—together with all of the appurtenances thereunto belonging. The title to the above property is believed to be good; but I will only sell and convey as Trustee. Equity of redemption waived. Sale at 12 o'clock M.

JOHN P. TREZEVANT, Trustee.
Royston & Peyton, Attorneys
jy6 td BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.

GAYOSO PLANING MILL

—AND—

LUMBER YARD,

No. 212 Adams Street,

East of Bayou Gayoso, Memphis, Tenn.,

Russell, Grove & Co., Proprietors.

HAVE always on hand and for sale, at the Lowest Market Prices, for CASH, every

Variety of Builders' Material,

consisting in Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Dressed and Undressed, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding, Lattice and Stair Material and Framing Lumber of all kinds, Shingles, Lathes, etc., etc.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

jy11

EDDINS & CO.,

Saw Mill,

IN REAR OF THE NEW JAIL,

On Wolf River, Memphis, Tenn.

WE have always on hand LUMBER, SAWED LATHS, SHINGLES and SAW-DUST, at the Lowest Market Price.

GEO. W. CHEEK & CO., JAMES A. WIGGS.

WIGGS, CHEEK & CO.,

SAW MILL.

HAVING erected a Saw Mill on

MEMPHIS COTTON MILLS PROPERTY,

Near mouth of Wolf River, we are now prepared to furnish all descriptions of

FRAMING LUMBER.

We have, also,

Dressed Flooring of Best Yellow Pine.

OFFICE—193 Main Street, in store of W. B. Knight, or at the Mill.

L U M B E R,

Shingles,

Doors,

Sash,

Blinds.

CHEAPER than HAVE BEEN SOLD IN THIS PLACE BEFORE.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.

(Successors to Thos. J. Rice),

ADAMS STREET,

Between Front and Levee.

jy7

LUMBER, LUMBER.

A LARGE STOCK ON HAND, AND

Prices Reduced 25 to 50 per cent.

Also, Cedar Posts and Fencing, Shingles, Laths, Doors, Sash and Blinds, at LOW FIGURES.

M. E. & J. W. CRICHLOW,
jy2 2w Foot of Washington street.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & CO.,

LUMBER DEALERS, 174 Madison street, on the bayou. Commission Merchants and Contractors will find it to their interest to give us a call. We keep all Kinds of Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc., Etc.

apl2 3m

TAILORING, SCOURING

J. C. THRALL & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 19 JEFFERSON STREET.

A SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

Cloths & Cassimeres Just Received.

WM. ROGERS, formerly with Messrs. Power & Meeteey, can be found here ready to wait upon his old and new customers.

my1 3m

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING,

—AND—

REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,

54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done.

mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS

216 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

WATCHES---JEWELRY.

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

Jewelry,

Silver and Plated-Ware; Watchmakers and Manufacturing Jewelers,

275 MAIN STREET,

Opp. South Court St. MEMPHIS, TENN.

JOSEPH COODMAN,

JEWELRY,

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

SPECTACLES,

NO. 190 MAIN STREET.

Repairing Done and Warranted.

Orders left for CLOCK REPAIRING will be attended to and returned free of charge.

apr6 3m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Under Greenlaw Opera House,

345 Second street.

my26

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn.

jel8

$2000 REWARD!

OFFICE MEMPHIS BOARD OF UNDERWRIT'RS, MEMPHIS, TENN., June 4, 1867.

IN order to more effectually suppress incendiarism within the city of Memphis, a reward of

Two Thousand Dollars

will be paid by the Memphis Board of Underwriters to any policeman or other persons who shall procure the arrest and legal conviction of any person or persons guilty of firing any premises insured by any of the Insurance Companies comprising this Board.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

MEMPHIS:

SUNDAY, : : : : : : : JULY 28, 1867

BREVITIES.

—The receipts of internal revenue Friday were $739,713.

—The new fifteen cent fractional currency bears portraits of Grant and Sherman.

—A Paris telegram gives the price received by the Russian government for the Nicholai railroad at 500,000,000 francs, payable in three years.

—The body of Maximilian, after he was shot, measured six feet three inches. His heart, it is stated, was unusually large.

—Americans abroad have spent over ten millions gold this season.

—Pictures of Maximilian and Carlotta are peddled upon the streets in New Orleans.

—Hans Christian Anderson, of Kane's Arctic expedition, visited the Paris exhibition last week.

—Scherzl, a Bohemian ligulst, only twenty-four years old, is said to speak thirty languages.

—A single county of Ohio yields 700,000 bushels of wheat, valued at $1,000,000.

—Brigham Young's tithes are said to amount to $500 000 yearly. His small family is expensive.

—An exchange thinks the air at Newport is nothing to the "airs" of the residents.

—Bob Lincoln was one of the lions of the Harvard commencement.

—The commissioner of patents will issue 281 new patents for the week ending the 30th inst.

—It is generally believed in Washington that Stanton will be removed in a few days.

—All of the disbursing officers attached to the freedmen's bureau have been mustered out of service.

—Detroit is to have a $150,000 opera house, which will seat two thousand persons.

—The London *Athenæum* speaks slightingly of the paintings sent by American artists to the Paris exposition.

—A half interest in the spicy New York *Gazette* is offered for sale. The *Gazette* has proved a great success.

—The *Crescent* says Congress should have deferred its special session for six months, if it wanted to be called an august body.

—Cholera, the result of filthy streets, has appeared in Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

—It is calculated that sixty persons die per minute the world over, and seventy are born.

—It is estimated that 60,000 persons attended the picnic in connection with the German Saengerfest in Philadelphia.

—The bill abolishing imprisonment for debt has passed the senate of France, and is now a law of the empire.

—A girl of thirteen years, in Illinois, committed suicide by hanging herself, because her mother refused to buy her a corset.

—Hanging a mackerel to your coat tail and imagining yourself a whale, constitutes codfish aristocracy.

—In the upper part of New Hampshire, the storekeepers will pay farmers but a shilling a pound for excellent butter.

—A thief stole $2400 from a banking house in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, in broad daylight.

—One baker in Boston sells over two hundred quarts of baked beans every Sunday morning, and another disposes of a third more than that.

—A few cases of rinderpest contribute to be reported in England. Since its first appearance the plague has carried off 276,720 cattle in Great Britain.

—Four hundred Mormons from Liverpool, England, are now en route for Salt Lake City.

—A New Jersey justice of the peace thinks he can untie as well as tie the wedding knot, and has been acting upon that supposition. He is to be suppressed.

—It is said that the drawing up of the Declaration of Independence would have been committed to Benjamin Franklin if it had not been feared that he would "put a joke into it."

—It is said that by grinding tea in the same manner as coffee, before infusion, the quantity of exhilarating fluid obtained is nearly doubled.

—Our national product of bullion is now about $100,000,000 per annum—$20,000,000 from placer or gulch gold diggings, and $80,000,000 from quartz mining.

—Gen. Lovell H. Rousseau has been appointed to the military command of the department of the northwest, embracing Oregon, Washington and Walrussia.

—General Brown, of Richmond, has issued an order discontinuing the issue of rations to the destitute, as authorized by the congressional appropriation fund after the 20th of August.

—The southern settlers in British Honduras have selected two places for residences to be called Post Austin and Buena Vista. Good inducements are offered for settlers.

—Lottery advertisements are forbidden by the laws of Maine to be published in any of the newspapers, or circulated in any way or manner to the public, under a penalty of a heavy fine.

—A cartoon in the *Tomahawk* represent Wales as Hamlet struggling with John Bull, who, as Horatio, is holding him back from pursuing the ghost of George IV, to whom the prince is saying "I'll follow thee."

—An officer at Buffalo hailed a fellow on the street, having some hoop skirts, which he suspected were stolen. The rogue threw one over the officer's head, and made his escape.

—Gen. Pope has issued an order commanding the strict enforcement of his previous order, forbidding civil officers to oppose reconstruction.

—A shameful attack was made on Tuesday, in New York, by a number of rowdies in Williamsburg, on a German picnic party, some twenty-five in number. Three of the scoundrels were arrested, several of the Germass were much injured.

—The San Francisco *Bulletin* learns that "there are now on the way to this state from China, 429 Chinamen on board the ship Empress of Japan, and 350 on the California, making a total of 898 disciples of Confucius, worshippers of Buddha, consumers of opium, manipulators of chop-sticks, and burners of incense to Joss."

—There is in Gloucester, Mass., a child of three years old who plays on the piano and melodeon, and sings with marvelous skill and correctness, and even composes original music—nursery lyrics, we may suppose—of her own.

—The cholera is raging badly at Forts Harker and Hays. Fifty new cases were reported at Fort Harker on Saturday, and seventeen deaths. There were seven cases in one family, at Salina and three deaths.

PERSONAL ITEMS.

Father Fischer, Maximilian's confessor, who attended him to execution, is reported shot.

Lieut.-Gen. Sherman is visiting at Madison, Wis.

Gen. Augur started for Fort Sedgwick on Monday.

Chief Justice Chase arrived at Philadelphia Friday.

The Archdutchess Carlotta has left Moramon for Belgium.

Mrs. Thomas Cox died in New Albany Thursday of an overdose of morphine.

George Knapp, of the St. Louis *Republican*, sailed by the Scotia, from New York for Europe, Wednesday.

Mr. John Taylor, widely known as Daniel Webster's farmer, is still living at Franklin, New Hampshire.

A man named Peter Judge died from the bite of a mule in Savannah on Sunday last.

The butcher Escobedo has been placed in command of the army, and Juarez is announced as a candidate for re-election to the presidency.

General Weitzel and a corps of topographical engineers commenced the preliminary work for the survey of the canal around the Ohio falls, at Louisville, Thursday morning.

President Day, of Yale college, now ninety-four years of age, says he goes upon the eight hour system, retiring at 7 p.m. and rising at 11 a.m.

Lotta has purchased a small but handsome residence all furnished, on Amity street, near Sixth avenue, New York, for which she paid $12,000.

Rudolph Jansen, a Norwegian artist, says the New York *Evening Gazette*, has arrived in Washington, with a commission to paint a full length portrait of Lincoln.

Mrs. Julia Wilson, a frequent inmate of a New York prison, has been arrested and committed seventy-six times for intoxication.

Frank Ecker, confined in the Rockland county, N. Y., jail, under sentence of death, on Wednesday shot the sheriff, and afterward blew his own brains out.

Gen. Brown, of Springfield, Ill., was bitten by a rattlesnake on Saturday last. He killed the reptile and then drank a quart of whisky. At last accounts he was neither dead nor drunk.

A man named Morgan has been arrested in Cincinnati, charged with counterfeiting car tickets of the west division street railway of Chicago.

The young French prince imperial went, quite unexpectedly and attended only by his tutor, to call on the sultan, and be introduced to his young son. The sultan is said to have been more touched by this mark of confidence and family intercourse than by any other attention and courtesy which has been paid to him.

SUNDAY READING.

RELIGIOUS DOCTRINE.

BY A LAYMAN.

H.—I wish I could understand the doctrine of the Trinity; I think I believe it; but I do not know what it is I believe. The words of the creed are plain; but still they give me no intelligible idea. Papa only tells me that I must believe without understanding. Cannot we be made to understand it? How *can* one really *believe*, without having something definite to believe?

C.—A very pregnant question! How *can* one believe, when the formula of words to which her assent is required, does not constitute an intelligible proposition, and express a definite fact that she *can* believe? When the ancient Hindoo books, or the older oral doctrine said that "Brahma, Vishnu and Siva were the Supreme Deity in three aspects, as Creator, Preserver and Destroyer," that could be understood. The Supreme Deity remained one and single. The three Gods merely expressed three of His attributes or potencies, three modes of action of His energy. Each was He, limited, and acting in a particular mode and direction.

The first thing, almost, that philosophy tells us, is that we have no cognition by the senses, of substance *itself*, but only of its attributes or qualities, which are *not* itself, extension, hardness, colour, and the like. The thing itself is *something* that is extended, hard, white, and the like; but these are merely the qualities of the thing itself, which itself is not known to us. The ancients conceived that the very Substance of Light, but to which, for want of any other word, they could only give that name and call it the very Light, was a Somewhat invisible, and not cognizable by the Senses, from which light flowed. This Very Light, the Kabalists said, was the Deity; and in the Scriptures, old and new, He is continually compared to and said to be 'Light.' This Light, made visible, manifesting itself, investing itself with *form*, by self-limitation, is known to us only so far as it is *manifested* by means of, or *as* the Sun, which is, therefore, the Very Deity, self-limited and manifested. Do you comprehend this ancient idea?

H.—Yes; I understand *that*.

C.—Take then, another step. Even the Sun itself, they thought, is not that visible light that flows from it, any more than it is the heat which we feel, or than the Breath which it may form. The Soul is the Soul. The Soul is not a mere collection or aggregate of Thoughts, though it is the *source* of Thoughts, from which they flow, like water from a fountain. The Sun is the *source* of Light and Heat, the essential *substance* of which Light and Heat are the out-flowings or emanations; and the Light and Heat, before they flow forth, exist, and always did exist, from the beginning, *in* the substance, which is the Sun, and in the very Light, which is the Deity itself.

'Accordingly, the Phœnician and Chaldean Trinity, one of the earliest, was said to be Light, Fire and Flame: *Light*, the very Substance or Essence, which is the Deity's self; *Fire*, the limited, separated, *distinctly gifted* Very Substance, which is the Sun itself; and Flame, which is the Fire and Light, outflowing or manifested as splendour. The Light was the *Origin* or the *Father*; and Fire, the *Originated*, or the *Son*; the Flame, the Divine Spirit or Energy, manifested, cognizable by the Senses, and producing Life in Nature. Each "was in the beginning *with* the Light," and each "*was* the Light:" but the Light limited, invested with form, manifested. The idea may perhaps be made more plain, if we distinguish between the Light, and the Heat that the Sun is the *very substance* of these, and that they are the manifestations, to two of our senses, of that Very Substance, that is, that Very Substance, not in itself, but manifested *as* Light and as Heat. These are but merely its *qualities* or attributes. They are themselves actualities, entities; and yet only outflowing or emanations from the Source, of which *itself* we have no cognition, but only of it in its manifestations.

It is probable that the Sages always intended to express, in this figurative manner, the *Intellectual* action of the Divine Mind. That Mind, like the Human Mind, when not *limited*, when remaining motionless and at rest, is beyond the reach, not only of cognition, but of the Intellect; that is to say, the very Deity, self-limited and manifested, Do you comprehend this ancient idea?

H.—Yes; I understand *that*.

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P.—Not you are not entirely accurate. The highest *Name* of Deity expressed limitation and duality, *active* and *passive*, the *first* manifestation of the very Deity by *Self Limitation*. They said that the Very Deity, Ainsoph, had *no* name. Nothing more could be predicated of Him, than that He was. The word 'Thou' could not be applied to Him.

C.—That is true; but not material for the purposes of the illustration I am attempting. This *Mind* only manifests itself and gives cognition of itself, and enables the Intellect to form any idea of it, by first separating from its substance, or producing within *Itself* a Thought, which is still as un-cognizable as itself, though a distinct, actuality, until it is uttered as the Word. Now this Thought was represented as the Eternal *Wisdom*, the *Intellectual* or Intellectual act of Deity, the Deity thinking, the unuttered Word: So that it and the Word were really the same, and both were in the beginning with the Deity and were the Deity.

Now, we know no more about the nature of our soul, as a substance or thing, than we know about one of its Thoughts. A Thought may be termed an Entity, a somewhat that is, with as much propriety as the Soul may. And accordingly, the Ancients soon came to conceive of the Essence of Wisdom, and the Word, by which they meant the unuttered expression of that Wisdom, or the Reason taking form, to be uttered, as actual *persons* in the Deity, or as gods. MINERVA or ATHENE sprung, a woman armed, from the brain of ZEUS. ORPHEUS was the 'true' manifestation and energy of ZEROUSANE AKRENE. The Eternal Wisdom itself was but the Deity in one aspect, the deity *as* Wisdom: and the Logos, or word, was that Wisdom in a single idea, that of Creation. You can understand, that there is more of your Soul than its wisdom or Intellect, though it is your whole Soul, (for that is one,) which thinks: and that the idea which your intellect forms, of a certain thing which your hands are to make, is your Intellect, not in itself, but in that Idea. That idea, in the Divine Mind, was the Creative Logos, or Word.

God, in the Hebrew writings, is represented as creating by His Word, '*Debar Yahovah.*' And Alohavim *said*, 'Let there be Light!' and Light became.' The same idea obtained in all the other creeds. In that of Persia, Creation was effected by means of the Ormitic Word Hanover. The Hindoo creative word was Aum (or Om; and the Thought of the Deity was represented as uttered in worlds. All the sages, as I said of the Kabalists, recognized as true that the human Intellect can know only the manifested Deity. The very Deity is Infinite, the Hidden, the Concealed, Ainsoph, even as they say sometimes, the non-existent for us us. The Visible is the measure of the Invisible. What is above equals what is below. You know of no Soul only by Thoughts. You have cognition of them only; and yet, as it were, they open a window through which you behold the Soul itself. You know the Soul, in knowing the Thoughts—the Soul itself, but only the Soul *as Thinker*, and as the Thinker of that one or the many Thoughts. The Universe is the utterance of *a* Single Divine Thought. We have cognition of it, and of the Word of which it is the symbol or material utterance. In that single Thought we know the Deity, as the Thinker of that single Thought. We know the Divine Wisdom, as thus exerted and manifested. It is the Word, the Deity, the whole Deity as Wisdom, but only known to us as manifested. It is one ray of the infinite ocean of Divine Splendour, yet the very Divine splendour ray-ing forth. The Word, Logos, is this Ray or the creative energy of God:—God, and yet distinct from God, as the Thought is distinct, when formed *in* the Soul, *from* the Soul of which it is the utterance, which speaks in and by it. In other words, the Thought is the Soul thinking, and so becoming a thing distinct from itself, as the ray is made distinct from the Light, of which, before it was emitted it was an integral and undistinguishable part. To make it all plain to you, what the ancients mind endeavoured to gain an idea of, by these comparisons?

H.—Yes: I comprehend it. I have the idea, though it seems to elude me when I try to embody it in words to myself.

C.—Accordinly, it was not God Himself who was to the ancients the Soul of the Universe; but the Word or Divine Wisdom, *so much* of God, if I may say so, as was creating the Universe. It could not even be said that God Himself was the Supreme Wisdom. He was that Essence or Substance, that Origin or Source, from which Wisdom flowed. He manifested Himself in and as Wisdom, in and as Power; but is Himself neither Wisdom or Power, but somewhat of a higher nature than both. He is *Incorporeal* Reason, that is, the *Substance* of Reason, that which, clothed with form, limited, and manifested, *becomes* Reason. He is Fate, the necessity of things; Silence; the Abyss and never Chance. All were confessedly words intended to say that He is that of which we have *no* idea, and to which we can give no name. For us, the Word, the manifestation, the one Thought is the God. We can know *The God*, only *in* the Word, and as expressed and revealed in nature.

In the Egyptian philosophy we find the expression 'Word of the Spirit;' and in the same style of thought Christ is conceived, according to Matthew, as an emanation from the Holy Spirit. In the Hindu Creed, the Word is the active potence of Brahma, emanating from him. In the Vedas she speaks a hymn in praise of herself as the Supreme and Universal Soul. In the Egyptian philosophy, the first Thoth was the Divine Wisdom personified, and the second an emanation from him. The latter is the Demiourgos, or Creative Energy. The first, only, is called by the Supreme Deity, 'Soul of my Soul, and Intelligence of my Intelligence.'

The Divine Wisdom was conceived of in two ways; first, as at rest, and then as active, creating the world. 'Yahovah ba khoemah yeso arats, konan shemayim ba tahunah': By His intellectual Energy Yahovah founded the Earth: by His Intelligence he created the Heavens' say the Proverbs. 'I, Wisdom' says the Book of Ecclesiasticus, came out of the mouth of the most High, and covered the earth as a cloud. He created me from the beginning, before the world.' 'I was possessed by Yahovah,' Wisdom cries, in the Proverbs, in the beginning of His action, before the existence of his works. I was effused from the beginning, from Eternity, from the earliest times of the Earth. When he prepared the Heavens, I was there; when he described a circle on the face of the deep. I was with him Amun [mahayah alsalu amtin] as a nursling, a darling, the Demiourgic Nous or Reason), and I was daily his delight.' 'Love is,'" the Book of Wisdom says, 'the out-breathing of the Poteney of God, and a pure influence flowing from the glory of the Almighty; the *Splendour* of the Everlasting *Light*, the perfect *mirror* of the power of God, and the *Image* of His Excellence.' By the *word* of Yahovah,' says the twenty-third Psalm, 'were the Heavens made.'

And the "Word," Spirit and Wisdom of God often appear as one and the same, "To Him that by intellection made the Heavens." "By His Spirit the Heavens are made Splendour." "And the Spirit [Ruach] of the Alohayim, moved on the face of the waters." The "Word" and the "Spirit" constantly interchange with each other, and express very much the same idea. The "Spirit" was the "out-breathing" of the Divine mind. The "Word" was the utterance [outering] of the Divine Thought, or, essentially, the Thought itself, formed in the Divine Mind, and to *be* uttered. "Who so sendeth forth," says the 147th Psalm, "His mandate (utterance, *Amar*,) upon the earth—with speed His Word (*debar*) will run. He sendeth out His Word (*debar*) and melteth them. He is showing His Word (*debar*) to Jacob."

Philo, commonly surnamed *Judæus*, an Alexandrian Jew, the cotemporary of Christ, endeavored to show that all the philosophy of the Greeks came from the Sacred Books of the Hebrews; and we obtain from him full information in regard to the Alexandrian doctrines as to the Logos, before the appearance of Christianity. 'The *Intellect*,' he says, 'is the *fountain* or *source* of *words*, and speech is its means of utterance, its mouth.' His doctrine is, 'God is the Governor of the Universe—the mind or Intellect created the Universe—God used the Logos as His instrument, and by it made the world.' His Logos and the Chaldean Logos are in all points the same. He considered God, *active in nature*, as Spirit. The 'Spirit of life-giving and life-giving and the fruitful Principle.' In man, the Spirit of God is the principle of all Powers, Abilities, Talents, Inspiration. It is the 'Wisdom.' The *highest* quality of God, *as Creator and Ruler of the world*, is the Reason, the Logos. This is the *Soul* of God *remains* in God, and *acts upon* the world. The first is the wisdom at rest in the mind (endiathetos); the second the wisdom that goes forth to create, the wisdom *uttered* (proforicos). And this latter is the *manifestation*, the type and exact *image* of God in the world. God used this, His oldest and First-born Son, as the instrument whereby He created. 'The Wisdom,' he says, 'the *daughter* of God, is also both *male* and *father*. He called this Logos, who, self-created, stands next God, above everything that is created, 'A God:' 'The Second God.' He termed him 'the Archetype of Humanity;' that is, the Universal Idea in the Divine Mind, of all Humanity as a Unit. With this Logos he interchanges the 'Wisdom.' She clearly appears as Substance in the book of Wisdom, present with God before the creation, as a reflection or ray of the Supreme Light, the exact image of the Very Deity, of Divine nature and qualities, and the Creator of the world.

Both the "*Logos*" and Wisdom appear as a Being, 'the secondary God, the Demiourgos, the active agent of the First Cause in the creation of the world. The Logos is the *revealed* God, the mediator or intermediary between the Deity and Creation.

What he here calls "God," says Philo, *de Somniis*, is his most ancient Word.

On either side of the Father of all things, are those eldest potencies, nearest to the Living God, one of which is called His Creative Power. (On Abraham, xxiv). "The Fabricative Potence of God, for it made and set in order the All; and the Royal Power is Adam, for it is fitting that the *Maker* should rule and govern what becomes." (*id.*)

"That power" (of Deity) "which made and set in order everything, is with perfect truth called God, (Theos;) and it contains in its bosom all things, and pervades every portion of the universe. But the very Divinity (To Theion), the Invisible and Incomprehensible, is indeed everywhere, but in truth nowhere visible or comprehensible. * * * Wherefore he does not yet say one who is worthy to be called "Son of Theos," let him labor earnestly to be classed with His First-born Word; the eldest Angelos, the dominant many-named Archangel, and who is called the Beginning and Origin, and the *name* of Theos, and His Word, and man made His image; and if for even if we are not as yet fit to be called children of Theos, we may nevertheless deserve to be called children of His perpetual Image, His most sacred Word; for the most ancient Word is the Image of God. (On the confusion of languages).

Compare with this, Colossians, I, 15, 16, 17:— Who is the image of the invisible Theos, the First-born among tsings made; because in him all things were created, those in Heaven and those on the earth, the visible and the invisible, and He is before the All, and in Him the All is co-created.' So the expression 'There is no other *Name* under Heaven, among men, whereby we can be saved.' And John says: 'The Word *was*, in the beginning: and the Word was *over* The God (*proston Theon*), and the Word was God.' Euripides says, 'The God, if he be truly God,' in the Hercules Furens: and again in the Hiketides. Æschylus uses the abstract term *Theos*.

'We find the 'Intellectual Light' and the 'Intellectual Life' of the Father, in the Chaldean learning. The Chaldaean Saturn had, his son or Logos, of whom the sun was the symbol. He was, indeed that, in the Divine Mind, of which the sun was the visible expression or image.

"Not meaning," says Philo, (*de Somniis,*) "the Sun which is visible to us, but the most brilliant and radiant light of the invisible and greatest Theos * * * and do not wonder if, after the manner of allegorical description, the Sun is likened to the Father and Director of the universe, for, indeed, nothing is *like unto* God, and two things only are in opinion *thought* to be so—one invisible, the Soul, and one visible, the

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

MEMPHIS.

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Its Past is the pledge it offers for the Future. It will continue to endeavour, in accordance with the motto which it has adopted, to say those things only that are true and honest. It has but a single Client, the People of the South, and it will endeavor to advise its readers wisely. In that it may often fail; but its opinions shall always be honest and conscientious, at least.

Those to whom its conduct is entrusted will continue to endeavor to make the APPEAL acceptable to its readers, and desirable as a medium for advertising. The Masonic column will hereafter appear every Saturday, and on every Sunday reading appropriate to that day; and the proprietors hope, by close attention to the affairs of the papers and office, to still entitle it to the support and confidence of the people, on which alone it depends.

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Of Shelby County.

FOR CONGRESS,

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FOR STATE SENATOR,

HON. JOHN W. SMITH.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

HON. DAN ABLE,
HON. W. W. COLEMAN.

FOR FLOATER,

GEN. P. B. GLENN.

OUR PLATFORM.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all laws, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to the colored race of all the rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION by State or Nation of any honest debt.

NO ESTABLISHMENT of Military Despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commissions, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

APPROVAL of the efforts of the President to prevent the annihilation of civil liberty by the revolutionizing of the Government, and to restore the Union of the States; and of all that he has done to defend the Constitution and to maintain the rightful supremacy of the civil law; and charity and allowance for what he has left undone or done amiss.

YOKED, NOT MATED.

We have shown, we think, that by the misunderstanding between the States, from the beginning, in respect to the very nature of the Constitution and the parties to it, the States were but *yoked* together, and by no means matched or mated; that disputes and dissensions, continually increasing in bitterness were inevitable, and the permanency of the Union simply impossible. Differences so fundamental and absolute could never be reconciled; nor could the States maintaining opinions so hostile to each other, grow together into a Nation. It was certain that either the connection must at no distant day be dissolved, by consent or upon a quarrel, or one opinion must conquer the other, and part of the States be compelled by force to accept the theory of the others.

There were still other reasons, why the Union could not very long continue by mutual consent. The New England idea of the rights of conscience has always been that they mean the right of yourself to believe what you please, and to compel others to believe the same, or persecute them for not doing so,—and its idea of free government is that it is a device by means of which you may take toll and tithes of others for your own benefit. Massachusetts, as the debates and proceedings show, did not desire a Union in 1787, unless it could exercise a controlling power in it, and make it profitable, by securing material advantages. In the pursuit of these objects it was tireless. It did not then claim the right to intermeddle in the domestic affairs of other States, or become the Censor of their morals, or the apostle of reform and extirpator of heresies everywhere except at home. It was even willing, *for a consideration*, to consent that the slave-trade should be continued for twenty years, and to take the chance of damnation for so much longer continuing to be the great slave-carrier of the world, and the wholesale murderer of the Middle Passage.

Always self-righteous, Pharisaical, intolerant and persecuting, New England at length engaged in a crusade against slavery, and at the same time became also devotedly attached to the Union, which was detestable to it when the interest and safety of the country required an embargo on shipping, and the marching of militia into Canada. It had then pronounced both measures grossly unconstitutional, and proposed on account of them to dissolve the Union. When one compares the utterances of the New England pulpit, forum and Statesmen, then, with the doctrine she now preaches by her Senators and Representatives, with the powers she now claims for Congress, and with the infamous and brutal legislation owing to no State more than to Massachusetts, and dishonouring no State more, he needs nothing else to intensify into loathing his contempt for puritanic phariseism and almost for human nature.

The Old Testament, and especially the book of JOSHUA, are the Gospel of Puritanism. At first the Indians were its Philistines, and it exterminated them as mercilessly as PIZARRO did the Peruvians. Then the peaceful Quakers, who only asked to be allowed the liberty of worshipping GOD in their own way, provoked its pious indignation, and the Puritans vindicated their own right to freedom of conscience and did GOD good service, by hangings, stripes, and the grubbing out of ears.

It is not very many years, since, as was lately said in Congress, "a seminary of learning, under the charge of innocent and defenceless nuns, was burned down by a Boston mob. On the lofty walls of that blackened monument of Massachusetts' bigotry stood the significant inscription, 'The LORD seeth.' Year by year these holy, defenceless, innocent women have appealed, and appealed in vain, to the State of Massachusetts to punish the murderers. The LORD seeth' that Massachusetts permitted the outrage, and refused all just compensation."

When the people of New England had sold all their slaves, and could no longer openly carry on the slave-trade, the condition of the negroes whom they had sold to the planters of the South excited their sympathies, and they stirred the question of the abolition of slavery, holding themselves responsible for its continuance in other States. Nevertheless, although they began to regard the Constitution as a "covenant with hell," they were willing to continue the Union, if they could be secured in the enjoyment of the carrying trade, bounties on fish, drawback of duty on salt, and protection for their manufactures.

When the Whig party arose, its principles were conservative and national, and its prospects of ultimate success were by no means desperate. But it soon had, in the South, to burthen itself with the advocacy of a protective Tariff for the benefit of New England, and at last allied itself in the North with Abolitionism, and broke down with the double weight; its leading members in the North passing over to the Republican party, and now, thoroughly radical, having lost all regard for the Constitution.

The mode and rules of construction of the Constitution, and the powers of the General Government became subjects of fierce and angry discussion, because of their practical importance in respect to the various questions to which slavery gave rise. All parties agreed that Congress could not intermeddle with it in the States, and the South claimed that there was no power, under the Constitution, to prohibit it in the Territories. We need not trace the history of all that fierce and furious agitation, which shook the whole Union and rent asunder the churches of more than one religious denomination. When it severed these bonds, it was idle to expect that the merely political ones could be kept from snapping asunder.

That it was impossible for the Union long to continue, is conclusively proven by the fact that it has been shattered; that at the end of a civil war of four years, ten States have become Provinces out of the Union, governed by a military despotism, and that a revolution is in full march which is changing the form of the government as completely as that of France was changed after 1789. It is nonsense to say that the conflicting interests of Sections and States did not make the permanence of the Union impossible, but that the decadence of the Republic has been owing to the misconduct of men or party. It is not likely that men will ever be any better or wiser, or parties any purer, than they have been in this county for eighty years. Institutions must always be managed, and affairs of government conducted by men, and men are governed by their interests, except when, occasionally, their passions get the upper hand.

The benefits derived from the Union would probably have been as fully realized by each republic, if the States had at the beginning organized two governments. Either the South or the North was large enough for an Empire, and would soon have grown to the full stature of national manhood. This, however, is mere opinion and speculation; but what is certain is, that the overruling desire of the States for a closer Union and a stronger Government, caused the adoption of a Constitution fruitful of schisms and dissensions, embodying fatal compromises of principle, proceeding upon no theory, or rather upon two conflicting ones intermingled, and making inevitable, some day or other, an interneceine conflict between the popular principle, embodied in some of its features, and that of State sovereignty and independence embodied in others. The late and Romans could do it; the Normans conquered England, and the Peers of England are still chiefly of that race born to rule. Even the Tartars conquered China and established a dynasty which still continues; but PURITANISM has never, since the time of CROMWELL, had any power or influence in England. In the United States it rules to ruin. It is entirely too greedy and selfish and fanatical to govern so great a country wisely, and must needs alienate every other part of it from itself.

New England and the Middle Atlantic States well know that as soon as the South is restored to the Union, and can send whom it pleases to Congress, it will unite with the North-west in resisting the imposition of onerous tariffs for the protection of manufactures,—and therefore New England does not want the Union restored, or the ten States re-admitted, except as negro republics; and the North-west, with a singular blindness and folly, assists the North-East to keep the South excluded from the Union, and so enables it to plunder the North-west and South alike.

After the acquisition of Texas and the country on the Pacific, it would have almost impossible for wisdom and justice to have so managed the national affairs as to keep the whole country long united. A wise monarch might possibly have done it. A Congress of popular representatives was most unfit and incompetent to do so. Greed, unfairness and obstinacy, invested with the powers of government over so vast a country, of so many States, could not but make a miserable and ignominious failure; and no failure could be more complete and more ignominious than to be compelled to resort to a military despotism as the means of governing ten States. It is a signal confession of incompetency, a wretched and disgraceful failure.

The Union ought to have been peaceably divided into two Republics in 1820, when the fire-bell of anti-slavery agitation rang out in the night, sounding the knell of the Constitution. The attempt then to patch up a compromise has cost the United States an acknowledged national debt of more than three thousand millions, and losses north and south to the amount of two thousand millions more, besides half a million of lives.

We are not speaking now of what we desire, but of what we believe will be the end of the present unsatisfactory and disjointed state of affairs. Every American felt a just and natural pride in the greatness and power of his country, and would again feel it, if a returning sense of justice could re-animate the North. But if injustice and oppression are to continue, the greatness and power of the country will become detestable, because it is by them that part of the States are enabled haughtily to domineer over, humiliate, oppress and plunder the rest. Injustice and oppression *will* continue, whether the States are or are not re-admitted; for they are inseparable from a Government by a Congress, Parliament or National Assembly; and the country will at length divide into at least three Republics. The Pacific States will establish a separate government, perhaps as soon as Congress undertakes to force the Chinese on them as citizens and voters. The Northwest and South will unite against the New England and Middle Atlantic States. No human exertions, we believe, can prevent this, or else the establishment of a Southern Republic. The country is too large not to disintegrate; and we do not know that this necessity is to be regretted. Small republics are happier and more stable than large ones; and greatness and power are not the chief blessings of a Nation.

The South will not again seek to win its independence by force. No one dreams of resorting to that. Our States have suffered too much by war, to be tempted to incur its hazards and miseries again. None of us wish again to see brother in arms against brother, as the sons of John J. Crittenden were. Nevertheless, the separation will, sooner or later, come, whether peacefully or not, who can say? The country will fall to pieces by its own weight, the immense burthens of taxation, by misgovernment and the miserable incompetency of its rulers. Men of the Norman or Saxon race will at last prefer a sober and well-regulated liberty in a smaller commonwealth, to power and greatness and glory, without liberty, in a large one.

If this disintegration is to be prevented, it must be by a total abandonment of the miserable impolicy of consolidation by force and oppression, and a return to those principles of generous concession and forbearance and confidence which seem to have departed forever. As MOLYNEUX said in 1698, of the case of Ireland being bound by acts of Parliament in England, the right of legislation, of which the Northern States are making so oppressive a use, "is neither justifiable by the plea of conquest, purchase or precedent, and is only submitted to from incapacity of effectual resistance," and the course of the United States, like that of England then, is "equally impolitic and tyrannical." How applicable to our situation are the words of SHIEL, in regard to that tyranny! "Wrong was heaped upon wrong, and insult was added to injury; with this advantage on the side of the aggressors, that they could intimidate the people of Ireland into silence, by raising, to drown every complaint, the cry of 'rebel' and 'Jacobite.' The indignation of SWIFT was aroused by the monstrous wrongs which were inflicted upon his country. He was so excited by the injustice which he abhorred, that he could not forbear from exclaiming to his friend DELANY, '*Do not the villainies of men eat into your flesh?*"

In the defeat of the Radical party, in the abandonment of its mad leaders by the masses of the people whom its extravagances ought to disgust, lies the only hope for the perpetuity of the Union, after its restoration; and to enforce this consideration upon the people, and endeavour to convince them of its truth, is to be the Union's best friend. Restore the old landmarks and the rights of the States, and the South will not yield a jot on the score of loyalty to the North.

MORE RECONSTRUCTION.

We republish elsewhere the new reconstruction bill introduced by Mr. Stevens, and referred to the special committee of which he is chairman. The principal object of the introduction of this proposition at this time appears to be to notify the country that the measure just passed by congress, and now under consideration by the president, is not intended to be a finality, but that as fast as one congressional scheme of reconstruction is about to be executed, others are to be brought forward to upset all that has been done, and compel the work to be recommenced; in other words, to delay reconstruction *ad infinitum*. It may be that Mr. Stevens has begun to be alarmed at the vastness of the despotic power conferred upon the military commanders, and to entertain apprehensions that a contingency might arise in which they may turn upon congress and push the self-constituted dictators of the legislative branch of the government from their stools. To provide for this contingency, he proposes to multiply the despots by setting over each military commander three civil commissioners, to whom the military shall be subordinate, and upon whom it proposes to confer powers, that under the constitution, even congress itself is expressly forbidden to exercise. This is another step in the fearful revolution now being boldly and shamelessly wrought out in the presence of a once free and independent people. Its leaders are beginning, day by day, to take more and more rapid strides towards the ultimate subversion of our republican government and the enslavement of the people. In a little while the machinery for the subjection of the northern and western states will be set in motion. The people of the north will then, perhaps, too late be aroused from their apathy to find only that the fetters are already about them.—*National Intelligencer.*

—A month ago Rufus Lord, of the celebrated Lord bond robbery, New York, received from an unknown source fourteen hundred thousand dollars of stolen bonds, sent through the firm of James G. King & Sons, from the London bankers, Baring Brothers, who received them from a London lawyer, who had received them from the guilty party. Who that party is remains a secret with the English lawyer.

—By an Imperial ukase, all political and governmental distinctions between Poland and the empire of Russia are obliterated. Poland is now absorbed into Russia as one of the provinces of that

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Surratt trial is closed so far as evidence is concerned. Judge Fisher ruled on certain points, striking out the evidence about Jacob Thompson, also evidence relative to telegraphic communication between Washburn and Nye, also the duel letter. He admitted the evidence relative to attack upon the vice-president and Secretary Seward, also that as to the shooting of union prisoners escaping from rebel prisons. The defense noted exceptions to admissions of this evidence. After some debate as to the course of procedure with the arguments, the judge ordered them to proceed. District Attorney Carrington consumed the balance of the day for prosecution, on questions of law, and will take up all of Monday on questions of fact. Counsel for defense will follow. Pierpont will close the argument which is expected to last all next week.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The river stands three feet seven inches by canal mark.

WASHINGTON July 27.—A quarter of a million of United States fractional currency has been sent to the depository at Chicago during the week. Internal revenue receipts for the week, $4,678,563. The Paymonneck national bank of Bridgeport, Connecticut, has lost by its teller, so far as ascertained, $50,000. Government examiners are investigating its condition.

CHICAGO, July 27.—In the base ball match to-day between the Nationals of Washington, and Excelsior of Chicago, the former won. The score stood 49 to 4. Excelsiors whitewashed six times.

NEW YORK, July 27.—A special says it is stated in administration circles that Gen. Thomas has consented to the removal of Gen. Sheridan, after the Tennessee election next week. The statement must not be received as authoritative, as it is well known that Gen. Thomas indorses Sheridan's course, and it is fair to presume that he would not be more acceptable to the president and friends than Sheridan.

A Washington special says Gen. Hancock will probably be appointed to relieve Gen. Sheridan.

A proclamation against fillibustering has been prepared, but will not be issued unless more evidence of movements against Mexico are developed.

A Canada letter to the *Herald* says that certain parties in Canada, who are supposed to be posted, state that the scheme for the abduction of President Lincoln was started in the south as early as 1863, and that Col. Percy Wyndham, who commanded a regiment in and about Washington, had at one time agreed to deliver the president and cabinet at Richmond, and would probably have done so but for his sudden removal.

A Washington special to the *Herald* says that a curious story is afloat to the effect that Gen. Grant recently discovered that a detective was watching him, persistently following him about, and who reported that he had been employed by Massachusetts politicians in Washington. On being questioned by the general, the detective said he was hunting up testimony for the congressional committee.

FOREIGN.

FRANKFORT, July 20.—Five-twenties, 76¾.

LIVERPOOL, July 27, p.m.—Cotton closes less active; sales to-day, 10,000 bales; middling uplands, 10¼; Orleans, 10½d. Breadstuffs—corn, 35s 9d; new wheat, 13s 11d for California white; oats, 4s; barley, 5s. Provisions—lard unchanged.

LONDON, July 27.—The names of persons recently arrested in Cork on suspicion of being Fenians are Callaghan, Griffin and Gould. Reilly, who has been on trial for some time, charged with complicity in a recent outbreak in Kerry, has been found guilty of high treason.

VENICE, July 27.—The sultan arrived here from England, and is the guest of Emperor Francis Joseph. The official journal says: It is right and to the interest of France, to enforce the treaty of Prague. The same paper says, the czar has sent to King William, of Prussia, notice to the same effect.

LONDON, July 27.—A dispatch from Munich announces the death of Otho, ex king of Greece.

Consols, 93⅞ 5-20s, 62¼; Erie, 38; Illinois central, 79½.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton, dull and unchanged; sales, 350 bales; receipts, 796 bales; exports, 1103 bales. Sugar and molasses, unchanged. Flour, quiet; superfine, $10 50@10 75. Corn, more active $1 20@1 40 whole range. Oats, firm with light stock at $1 10. Choice hay in demand at $28; poorer grades neglected. Pork, no sales, offering at $26. Bacon, little inquiry; jobbing lots sell 14¼c for shoulders, 16¼c for sides, 18@22c for hams. Lard, quiet 15½c for prime. Gold, 39,100@39,400. Sterling 51½@54; New York sight, ¼@¾ premium.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton is a shade firmer, but less active owing to the high prices asked. Flour, lower, $6 25@7 85 for superfine. Wheat, dull and lower. Corn, a little better, $1 02@1 05 for new mixed. Oats, a shade firmer, 80@85c. for western. Wool, active, 45@55c. for domestic fleece. Rice, dull and unchanged. Coffee, firm, with a fair demand. Sugar, steady, 13@13¾c for Cuba. Molasses, imminently unaltered. Pork, firmer, $23 50 for new mess.

New York Money Market.—Money is quiet, 3@5 for call loans. Sterling quiet, 109@110¼. Gold firmer, 140. Exports of specie, $1,081,944. Government stocks quiet with little change. Southern bonds continue excited, with strong upward tendency. Express shares show increasing business; M. A. Express, 15@16; Adams, 73½@74; American, 78@73¾; U. S., 70¾; Wells, Fargo & Co., 68@68¾. Imports for the week, dry goods, $3,130,775; general merchandise, $3,090,101. Receipts at sub-treasury, $1,068,110; payments, $1,080,592; balance, $130,196,066.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Sales of 148 hogsheads of tobacco, at $3 50@5 50 for lugs $6 00@17 25 for common to medium leaf; 22l 75 for selections. Flour—Superfine, $6 75@7; No. 1 new, $11 50. Wheat, $1 75 for prime. Corn, $1 08 delivered. Oats, in bulk, 85c. Mess pork, $24 50. Bacon, 13½c for shoulders; 16½c for clear sides. Lard, 12½c in tierce. Whisky, nominal; new in bond, 21c. Barley 90@95c for new.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Tobacco, quiet and easy for low grades; better qualities bring full prices. Hemp, firm and unchanged. Flour quiet and unsettled; $9 00@9 25 for X; $9 50@11 50 for XX; $12 50@13 50 for choice. Wheat, dull and lower; $1 80 for choice spring; $2 05@2 08 for prime fall; $2 10@2 18 for choice; $2 20@2 25 for fancy. Corn, lower; $1 05@1 22 for white, 86@90c for yellow; 80@85c for mixed. Oats, lower and unsettled; 82½@87c for old; 75@78c for new. Rye, unsettled; $1 30@1 40. Provisions firmer. Pork $25 00. Bacon unchanged. Lard and whisky dull; nothing doing in either.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Flour, dull and lower, $10@10 50. Wheat, dull and unchanged. Corn, unchanged, 75c for No. 1 bulk, 80c for sack. Oats, lower, 80@85c. Barley, inactive. Whisky, unchanged, 39c in bond. Pork, active, held at close $24 50@25. Bulk meats, firmer, 11½c for shoulders. Bacon, firm, 15½c for clear rib sides; 16c for clear sides. Hams, steady and unchanged. Lard, firm. Butter, firm, 18@20c for prime to choice. Sugar, firm, 12@13c for raw, 17@18c for hard refined. Coffee, 23@25½c for common to prime rio. Flaxseed, dull.

LINES

Affectionately dedicated to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Williamson, Jr., on the death of their infant daughter "MAMIE BELLE."

There's an empty crib and a vacant place,
A flower has faded in life's well filled vase—
In beauty's bloom,
And we sadly miss a sweet cherub face,
And a form full of life and winning grace,
For 'tis hid in the depths of the silent tomb.

There's a half soiled dress and a half worn shoe,
Toys, ribbons and jewels that meet our view,
Where once they were;
She has gone, *our darling*, left pain and you,
To dwell with the angels, so holy and pure,
To greet you when called for at Heaven's own door.

There's joy and music in Heaven to-night,
And a spirit is there robed in spotless white,
With a golden crown—
She is chanting sweet praises, for the soul is bright,
And the spirit is now an angel of light—
Not sleeping with death in her cold, cold mould.

Yes, there's joy in Heaven, holy anthems are sung
For the entrance of one so pure and so young—
"MAMIE'S *there*;
And a halo over her figure is flung,
No more will her body be painfully wrung
With the torture which made her so heavenly fair.

Grieve no more, fond parents, o'er transient pain,
The form of your darling you'll meet again—
"All is well!"
Keep your hearts from evil, from sin's dark stain—
Believe that earth's pleasures are worldly and vain,
And at the portals of Heaven you'll see
"MAMIE BELLE."

Memphis, July 25, 1867.

SISTER.

Attention, Sir Knights!

A SPECIAL Conclave of Cyrene Commandery, No. 4, of Knights Templar, will be held in their Asylum, Front street, on Monday evening, July 29th, at 8 o'clock, for work in the "Red Cross" Degree.

Members will be prompt in attendance, and appear in "fatigue dress." Visiting Sir Knights are fraternally invited.

By order of

JOHN SENT,
Commander.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of PETER BORTO are requested to attend his funeral from his late residence, on the corner of Main and Poplar streets, This (Sunday) Afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

The friends and acquaintances of M. J. Gibbons are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his son LAWRENCE from his residence, Dunlap avenue, near Elmwood Cemetery at 3 o'clock, This (Sunday) evening.

The friends and acquaintances of the late STEPHEN BOND, are requested to attend his funeral this (Sunday) evening, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 384 Beal street, to Winchester Cemetery.

The "Old Folks at Home" are expected to be in attendence.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS.

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby notified that CHAS. MONTAGUE is in no wise connected with me in business, nor has he, since the 11th of June last, had any right to transact business of any kind in my name, or for me.

GEO. E. FREEMAN,
258 Second street.

jy28 3t [Post copy.]

CONSERVATIVE

BARBECUE AT BROWNSVILLE,

Wednesday, July 31.

A SPECIAL TRAIN will leave Memphis at 7 o'clock a. m., stopping at all stations, reaching Brownsville at 10 o'clock a. m., and returning in the evening.

☞ One fare for round trip from all stations.

SAM. R. JONES,
General Superintendent.

jy28 3t

FEED AND FRUIT

RECEIVED PER "CITY OF CAIRO,"

AND for sale on the Levee **Monday, July 29, 1867,** a consignment of

Ground Corn, for feed,
250 bbls. Kiln dried Cornmeal,
50 bbls. Red Bud Mills' Choice Flour,
100 bbls. Alexander M. fls Double Extra Flour,
50 bbls. Olive Branch Mills Double Ex. Flour.

Also a consignment of
CHOICE MENTON LEMONS, from N. Orleans.
PRICE & YEATMAN,
301 Front street.

jy28-1t

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Children's Teething, and the Great Preventive of Asiatic Cholera.

MAGUIRE'S BENNE PLANT.

THIS Extraordinary Medicine, the fame of which is spread broadcast throughout the country, is undoubtedly superior to any remedy ever offered to the public for the complaints for which it is intended. We have in our possession testimonials furnished voluntarily by Col Long, late Chief Topographical Engineer Bureau at Washington, Gen. Fitz Henry Warren, Gen. Pleasanton, and others of the army; Maj. J. De Smet, the celebrated Indian Missionary, also Officers of the Navy, surgeons, Rights, Generals, Commanders of regiments, every steamer plying on the Mississippi and tributary rivers, Western Sanitary and Christian Commissions, Army Chaplains, and others too numerous to mention. Likewise highest encomiums of the Press, most of which are published in our almanac, which we will send free to any one requesting it, praising its valuable medicinal qualities in the highest terms. No other medicine has such recommendations.

J. & C. MAGUIRE,
Sole Proprietors, St. Louis.

Sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere jy28-d&w tf

FLORENCE

SYNODICAL FEMALE COLLEGE.

THIS Institution, which has long enjoyed a very high reputation among the Female Colleges of the South, is situated in Florence, Ala., which is admitted to be one of the most delightful and salubrious towns in the southwest. It is very easy of access. A branch of the Memphis and Charleston railroad runs to South Florence. Its President, Rev. D. Wm. H. Mitchell, is well known as one of the ablest teachers in the country.

The Synod of Memphis at its last meeting, passed the following resolution: "We believe that the Florence Synodical Female College has the best situation of its location, and ability of its Faculty, the course and system of its Instruction, efforts equal or superior to any colleges for the education of Females to any institution in the country."

Next session will commence on the 8th day of September next. For further particulars apply to the President, or to

ROBERT M. PATTON,
Governor of Alabama,
President of the Board of Trustees.

jy28 d&w4w

Dissolution.

THE law partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of OWEN, MOORE & WEST is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

MILES OWEN,
W. B. MOORE,
J. T. WEST.

Memphis, Tenn., July 20, 1867.

We, the undersigned, will continue the Insurance business, at the same office (278 Madison street), under the name and style of MOORE & WEST.

W. B. MOORE,
J. T. WEST.

jy27 1w

TO LUMBER BUYERS.

THE undersigned are prepared to fill, at short notice and lowest market prices, all orders for YELLOW PINE and other

LUMBER.

Delivered in Memphis, or at their mills, near Burnsville, on the M. and C. R. R., ten (10) miles NORTH, No. 27 Avery street, is our authorized agent in Memphis. All orders through him will have prompt attention.

TAYLOR & KNOWLES,
W. W. LOWRANCE.

jy26 1m

THE HEBREW EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE

WILL REOPEN ON

Monday, September 2d, 1867.

FOR the Fall and Winter Sessions, at their new and commodious building, No. 340 Third street, between Madison and Monroe. Ample arrangements are being made for a full and competent Faculty. Circulars will be issued in due time, giving particulars. jy25 1m

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 24, 1867.

GRAND CONSERVATIVE

BARBECUE,

At Somerville, Tenn., ON SATURDAY, JULY 27, '67.

BY request Trains will be run as follows, to accommodate all who may wish to attend:

Leave Memphis ..... 6:00 a.m.
Leave Grand Junction ..... 7:30 a.m.
Arrive Somerville ..... 9:25 a.m.

RETURNING:

Leave Somerville ..... 8:00 p.m.
Leave Moscow ..... 8:56 p.m.
Arrive Grand Junction ..... 9:34 p.m.
Arrive Memphis ..... 10:50 p.m.

W. J. ROSS,
Gen'l Sup't M. and C. R. R.

jy25 3t

THE ATHENAEUM,

COLUMBIA, TENN.

MRS. F. G. SMITH, - - Principal,

ASSISTED by an able and experienced corps of Teachers. The next session of this school begins on the

FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

Many improvements will be made during the vacation, which will add greatly to the comfort and efficiency of the establishment. Some important additions have been made to our corps of Teachers, which will enable us to offer as many advantages as any school in the South or West.

Our Boarding Department will be so much enlarged that we can easily accommodate one hundred more pupils than we had last session.

Terms as heretofore. For catalogues or other information, address

ROBERT D SMITH,
Secretary and Business Manager.

jy23 1sep

N. CARTMELL, Late of Williams, Cartmell & Co.
J. B. DRURY, Late of Uniontown, Ky.

CARTMELL & DRURY,

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

200 Front Street, Memphis.

Price of Shaving Reduced.

IN order to keep up with the times, Anthony Schultze, No. 267 Main street, has reduced the price of shaving to FIFTEEN CENTS. Those desiring a good comfortable shave are requested to give him a call, at 267 Main street.

Excursion to Mammoth Cave.

TWO DAILY TRAINS leave the Depot of the Memphis and Louisville railroad, head of Main street, as follows: 4 p.m. and 11 p.m., running through to Cave City without change of cars.

☞ Excursion Tickets from Memphis to Mammoth Cave and Return at Reduced Rates.

Fare round trip, Cave and return 25 00
Parties of fifteen or more ..... 23 00 each
Parties of twenty-five or more ..... 20 00 each

For through tickets and all information, call at Ticket Office, No. 278 Main street.

jy27 tf SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Planters' Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the General Assembly of the state of Tennessee, approved December 19th, 1866, entitled an act to expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks which have or may make assignments among their creditors, notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of the Planters Bank of Tennessee to present them to be indorsed at the Bank in Nashville for payment between now and the first day of January, 1868, or they will be forever barred.

D. WEAVER, Trustee.

jy27 3t 1869

SHELBY FEMALE INSTITUTE,

Nashville, Tennessee.

LOCATED in the large and handsome buildings, corner of Broad and Vine streets, formerly occupied by the Shelby Medical College, fronting an entire square.

As able and experienced corps of Teachers, the most complete Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus and Cabinet of Minerals in the South, and Educational Advantages of a superior order.

The Principal has had an experience of twenty-six years in the South, and the Vice Principal is a graduate of the University of Edinburgh, Scotland.

Session begins on the FIRST MONDAYS of SEPTEMBER and FEBRUARY, and closes on the Third Tuesday in July.

TERMS—Board and English Tuition, Session of five months, $50 00. Music, French, etc., EXTRA. For full catalogue, apply to

GEO. G. BUTLER, A.M., M.D., Principal.
GEO. B. BLACKIE, A.M., M.D., Vice-Prin.

jy23 3t&w1m

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NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

TODD & RICHARDSON,

Louisville, Ky.

8,000 pieces best "Ky." Penitentiary Bagging.
2,000 coils best Machine Rope.
200,000 pounds "Walley Iron Tie."
Jeans, Linseys, Blankets—their own manufacture—for sale on liberal terms.

jy11 1m

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INvestment. The plantation is known as the lowd of "Lake Bluff," on White river, Ark., 75 miles above the Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between four and five hundred acres, about one hundred cleared (15 feet above the late overflow), the remainder heavily timbered, together with the whole or half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, (forty horse power), Engine, Blacksmith's shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Mansion with nine rooms, a Cistern, (capacity 600 gallons,) three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best landings on the river. The above will be sold at low figures and on easy terms. For further particulars address Mrs. M. L. H.

Appeal Office.

jy24 1f

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,

MARBLE WORKS,

No. 59 Union Street,

Between Second and Third.

JERRY LEWIS,

DEALER in Green Vegetables, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce. Steamboats, Hotels, Restaurants and Private Families supplied on shortest notice. In Bradley's Brick Block, on Water street, between Adams and Jefferson, Memphis, Tenn.

Bolting Cloths.

BEST "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS—For sale by

TAYLORS, McEWEN & BLEW.

jy23 2m

LYONS, FIES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS I

BANKING DIRECTORY.

COMMERCIAL Bank of Tennessee, corner Madison and Main streets.

DESOTO BANK, No. 20 Madison street.

FIRST National Bank, 14 Madison street.

GERMAN National Bank, 293 Main street.

GAYOSO Savings Institution, 19 Madison street.

JEFFERSON Insurance and Trust Company, 6 Madison street.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 16 Jefferson street.

MEMPHIS GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 16 Adams street.

MEMPHIS Insurance Company, 22½ Madison street.

MERCHANTS' National Bank, Jefferson street.

PEOPLES' Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

SAVINGS Bank of Memphis, 294 Main street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BACHLY, F., Boots and Shoes, 341 Main street.

BRIGGS & PETERSON, dealers in Coal, No. 11 Madison street.

BOLLING & LINSLEY, Grocers, 332 Second street.

CLAYTON, Dr., Medicated Baths, 110 Jefferson street.

CAROLINA Insurance Company, 291 Main street.

CLARK, S. R. & CO., Insurance Agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

CAMPBELL, G. J. & CO., Abstract Office, corner Monroe and second street.

CHAMBERLIN, C. F. & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 197 Main street.

COBB, E. D., Cotton Broker, 208 Front street.

DAILEY, REUBEN, U. S. Commissioner, 350 Second street.

H. C. DEWITT & CO., Aurora Oil, No. 24 Madison street.

EVANS & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10 Jefferson street.

EVANS, D. H., Liquors, 14 Monroe street.

ESON BROS. & CO., Dry Goods, 297 Main street.

EBBERT & CO., C. H., Liquors, Second street opposite Greenlaw Opera House.

JOHN EICHBERG, Hardware, 191 Main street.

FLAHERTY, JAMES, Agent, Furniture, 326 Second street.

FOWLKES & STEFFEY, Cotton Factors, 193 Second street.

FINNIE BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN, Grocers, 300 Main street.

FORD, J. O. & CO., Saddlery, 138 Main street.

GLOVER, L. F., Physician, office at Virginia Hotel

GLASSICK, & Co. F., Fire Arms, 230 Main street.

GOEPEL, LEOPOLD, Music Dealer, 375 Main street.

HINSON, S., Dentist, 325 Main street.

W. K. HILL, STRANGE & CO., Cotton Factors, 14 Monroe street.

HUBBARD & LOVELL, Saddlery, 331 Second street.

HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAYNES, Attorneys at Law, Main and Second streets.

HOLST, J. C. & CO., Undertakers, 320 Main street.

HUNT, THOS. H. & CO., Dyers, 286 Second street.

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 17 Madison street.

HOFFHEIMER, N. & J., Liquors, 276 Front street.

HOLDENBURG & OERTEL, Building Material, 346 second street.

HALMAN, FRED. S., Saddlery, 50 Jefferson st.

HILL, HUME F., U. S. Commissioner, 19 Madison street.

HARMSTAD, LARRY & CO, Steamboat and Ticket Agents, corner Main and Madison.

HEINRICH, P. H. & Bros., Confectioners, 236 Front street.

IVISON, EDWARD, Grocer, 284 Main street.

KIRKLEY & JOINER, Produce 34 Monroe street.

KORTE & McDONOUGH, Gas Fitters, 344 Second street.

LUNN & MALLON, Gas Fitters, 294 Main street.

LEVY & MILLER, Steamboat Agents, 5½ Madison street.

LESLIE, JOHN, Painter, 7½ Madison street.

LINSEY & VREDENBERG, Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

LOWENSTEIN & BRO., B., Dry Goods, corner Main and Jefferson streets.

MENKEN BROS., Dry Goods, 293 Main street.

MCCAFFREY & CORNELIUS, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

MERRYMAN, BYRD & CO., Jewelry, 275 Main street.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY, Merchant Taylors, 31 Madison street.

MAYER, MARSCHUETZ & CO., Tobacco, corner Jefferson and Second streets.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY INSURANCE CO., 22 Madison street.

MEGIBBEN & BRO., Liquors 281 Main street.

MOODY & WIMBISH, Commission Merchants, 4 Bradley Block.

MITCHELL, & CO., Milliners, Mme., N. E. corner Court street.

MOFFAT, JAS. G., Trimmings, 347 Main street.

NEW MEMPHIS Theater, Jefferson street.

NATHAN BROS. & CO., Liquors, 282 Second street.

OWEN, MOORE & WEST, northwest corner of Madison and Main streets.

PIKE & ADAMS, Attorneys, Main, over German National Bank.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 20 Madison street.

PLANTERS INSURANCE COMPANY No. 272 Front street.

PIKE, I. W., Attorney, Little Rock, Arkansas

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST, Hardware 268 Main street.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., Auctioneers, Jefferson block, Second street.

ROBINSON, W. A. & CO., Founders, Main street, opposite Gayoso House.

RUSSELL, GROVE & CO., Gayoso Planing Mill, 212 Adams street.

RADCLIFF, F. E., Lime, Cement, etc. 39 Madison street.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & CO., Lumber, 174 Madison street.

SHLOSS & BROS., Dry Goods, 247 Main street

SMITH, W. R., Undertaker, 20 Monroe street

SMITH, OWEN, Undertaker, 368 Second street

STITH, F., Architect, Irving Block, Second street

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE Company, 42 Madison street.

SHULTZ, A. O., Locksmith, 119 Jefferson street.

SPECHT, JOSEPH, Confectioner, Madison between Main and Second

STEINKUHL, JACOB, Liquors, 230 Third st.

THOMPSON & WILSON, Sail Loft, 304 Front street.

TOOF, S. C., Job Printer, 15 Court street.

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO., Tobacco Factors, under Greenlaw Opera House.

THRALL & CO., Merchant Tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

H. T. TOMLINSON, Insurance Agent, No. 17 Madison street.

VACCARO & CO., Liquors, 324 Front street.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER, Attorneys, 227 Second street.

WHITEMAN BROS., Printing Paper, 57 South Court street

WILLIAMSON, JR. & CO., Commission Merchant, 240 Front street.

WADE, H. & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 283 Main street.

WESSON, A., dentist, 246 Second street.

WALKER, BROS. & CO., Dry Goods, 269 Main street.

WORSHAM HOUSE, corner Adams and Main.

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO., Wood and Willow Ware, 339 Main street.

JOHN A. DENIE. H. A. MONTGOMERY.

DENIE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hay, Corn, Oats, Flour, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Western Produce.

No. 41 South Side Court Square.

jy4

CHOLERA.

DR. GABBERT'S Celebrated Cholera and Diarrhea Mixture, for sale at J. W. FALLS & CO., 331 Main street. This Medicine was originally prepared by Dr. M. Gabbert, and used with success in thousands of cases of cholera. Inquire of any of the following persons who have used the Medicine in their families:

W. R. GREENLAW, SAM. TATE, JOE BRUCE, W. H. WALDRAN, T. S. NORMENT, F. M. CASH, J. M. PATRICK, HENRY DALLIS, TOM MAYDWELL, And old citizens of Memphis generally. jy21f

BARTLETT'S

PATENT POLAR REFRIGERATOR

AND

Water-Cooler Combined

IS the best and only perfect PROVISION PRESERVER in the world, and will keep Meats, Fish, Milk, Vegetables, Fruits, etc., longer, dryer and colder, with LESS ICE than any other Refrigerator in use.

The Polar Refrigerator

is the only one patented having a condensing surface exposed to the provision chambers, to extract the moisture and impurities from the air. Sold only by

jy24tf McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.

GARDEN AND DAIRY LANDS

FOR SALE

AT GREAT BARGAINS.

WE offer at private sale and at very low price, about ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND be ongtog to Charles Jones, Esq., in that celebrated Garden Region, on the New Raleigh Road, two miles beyond the corporate limits of the city, subdivided into lots of from THREE TO SIX ACRES EACH—one portion or wholly cleared, and some heavily timbered. The great fertility of these lands, and their convenient distance from the city, offer the finest advantages for Market Gardens and Dairies. The neighborhood consisting mostly of those who have grown rich in these departments. They will be sold upon the following very easy terms: THIRD Cash—balance in ONE AND TWO YEARS TIME, with interest.

Plans may be seen at our office, and we will be ready at any time to show these lands. Mr. Jones has instructed us to sell, and we shall give to purchasers every inducement that can be offered.

jy16 2w ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

A. O. SHULTZ,

PRACTICAL

LOCKSMITH, SAFE MAKER,

MACHINIST AND

GENERAL IRONWORKER,

No. 119 Jefferson Street,

Between Third and Fourth Streets,

Prepared again to do all work connected with the above branches, from the plain Bells to the manufacturing of complicated Proof Safes. Come and see, and hear a manufacturer. jy24

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN W. SMITH is a candidate for re-election to the office of State Senator for the 30th District, composing the counties of Shelby and Fayette. Election on the first Thursday in August. ap24 tf

FOR CONGRESS—

Mr. Editor: Please announce me as a candidate for re-election to Congress, with the *written* Constitution and the unqualified indorsement of the administration of Andrew Johnson as my platform of principles, which will be more clearly defined in my forthcoming "circular address," and a personal interview prior to the election.

ap9 te JOHN W. LEFTWICH.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—

A few day boarders can be accommodated at at No. 101 Adams street.

BOARDING—

Families or single gentlemen can obtain board and good rooms; also day boarders can be accommodated at 34 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal. te20 tf

BOARDING—

Furnished rooms, with good board, can be had at reasonable rates at No. 106 Monroe street. Also a few day boarders can be accommodated. je19 tf

SELECT and cheap BOARDING

A FEW DESIRABLE ROOMS, either furnished or unfurnished, to rent, with board, to either gentlemen or families, convenient to business, within one square of Court square, and at the most reasonable rates, at No. 306 Second street, near Madison. je2 tf

WANTS.

WANTED—

A thorough Book-keeper and Accountant wants a situation in a respectable Grocery or Commission House for the next business season. Has been employed in this city for the last ten years, and is well known in the city and country. Address "Book-keeper," care of this office. jy25 lw*

WANTED—

Able bodied men, white or colored, to work at a Sawmill and Woodyard—liberal wages. Apply to L. B. BURT, back of Morris Landing, Washington county, Miss. jy20 lm

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State would make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and is unquestionably superior to it. Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is no more explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is all we require to be the sole enterprise, and all the right to a State is untold worth.

For further information, call on or address

H. C. Dewitt & Co.,

24 Madison street, corner Main,

jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—

EVERY BODY TO KNOW OF THE

MEMPHIS SAIL AND AWNING LOFT,

No. 304 Front Street,

(MOSBY BLOCK),

Window and Verandah Awnings

FOR Offices, Hotels, and Private Dwellings, Special attention given to moving Safes, Rigging, Hoistways, and all kinds of Rope and Canvas Work.

THOMPSON & WILSON,

jy11 304 Front street, upstairs.

WANTED—

AGENTS—$10 to $20 a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine LOCK STITCH. All other low priced machines make the CHAIN STICH. Each agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars. M. M. BEACH & CO.,

jy7 3m 294 Second st., Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—

AN APPRENTICE to learn the Barber and Hair Dressing business. Also, Lemistry in all its branches. Parents having a son, or a young man who would like to learn the business, will find a good situation, with board on lodging, by calling on Anthony Schultze, No. 357 Main street. je30

Wanted--Agents.

TO introduce the STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE, an entirely new invention, unlike any other sewing machine in the world. Patented March 12, 1867. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine LOCK STITCH, alike on both sides, that will not rip or unravel. All other low-priced machines make the CHAIN STITCH. It combines simplicity, durability and beauty, is as large as other first-class machines, and will do every variety of family sewing and tailoring. In order to introduce our new and no-vel machine as rapidly as possible, we propose to furnish them complete—with one shuttle, extra bobbins, a full set of needles, oil can, screw-driver, directions, etc., etc.—at the low price of $25. Each agent supplied with a copy of Letters Patent.

M. M. BEACH & CO., General Agents,

jy9 w3m 294 Second street, near Madison, Memph s, Tenn.

NOTICES.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,

OF COLUMBUS, GA.

[INCORPORATED 1859.]

Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $100,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS—EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties Insuring in this company will get their proportion of profits in Scrip, which will be taken at par Value on renewals.

OWEN, MOORE & WEST, Agents,

22½ Madison street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

Storehouse No. 8 Union street, near the corner of Front. Possession given immediately. Apply to C. B. Church or

jy21 tue1 FARRINGTON & HOWELL.

FOR RENT—

A desirable Residence, well shaded, on Madison street, northeast corner of Memphis and Charleston Railroad Bridge. Apply to

jy21 ANDREW PANERI, 370 Second street.

FOR RENT—

TWO OFFICES, formerly occupied by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, No. 17 Madison street. Inquire at Police office, 4½ Madison street.

Memphis, June 10, 1867. je11 tf

FOR RENT—

STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No. 1 and 2. my22 tf

FOR RENT—

The STORE-HOUSE, on Second street, known as the OLYMPIC.

ALSO,

The ARCADE LIVERY STABLE, on the alley south of Madison street, between Second and Third streets.

ap23 tf GANTT & WADDELL.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

One 12-Horse Stationary Engine and Boiler, nearly new, for sale cheap.

jy25 1m LUNN & MALLON, 294 Main street.

FOR SALE—

Exchange for Cash, Dry Goods or Family Groceries, one or two eligible Suburban Lots, situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad Depot, containing 2½ acres each. For further information apply to or address J. W. S. BROWNE, Appeal office. jy21 1m

FOR SALE—

The Shoemakers' Shop of Jacob Malel, deceased. A good stand—complete and well furnished. This desirable stand for sale by Valentine Malel, adm'r. Inquire of JOHN WENDLANDT, 75 Main. jy6 tf

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.

This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.

Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,

Attorneys at Law,

mh3-tf 293 Main street, Memphis

BATHING.

SWIMMING SCHOOL

—AND—

BATHING ESTABLISHMENT,

Foot of Union Street.

PRICES FOR THE SEASON:

Grown Person	$10 00
Children	5 00
Single Baths	25

No extra charge for Swimming Lessons. No danger of drowning.

Dress Room, including Bathing, Dress and Towel, 50 cents. Swimming Lessons given three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

A. H. STRATMAN.

je20

Great Memphis Swimming and Bathing Establishment

OF WILLIAM BUNTHOUSEN, FOOT OF Washington street, Memphis, Tenn. I would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Memphis to the fact that I have moored, at the foot of Washington street, a newly, and in superior style fitted out, Bathing and Swimming Boat, which I open this day for the use of visitors in general. Arrangements have been made so that one part of the boat is fitted out for the reception of LADIES ONLY, and the other part for Gentlemen. Swimming Lessons given each day from 6 to 9 o'clock a.m. and from 3 to 5 p.m. NO DANGER WHATEVER OF ACCIDENTS.

LIST OF PRICES:

Season Tickets for grown Persons	$15 00
" " Children under 10 years	7 50
SINGLE BATHS:	
In Public Bath, without Soap and Towel	$ 50
In Public Bath, without Soap and Towel	25
For use of Bathing Dress, Soap and Towel	50
For use of Bathing Dress, each	25

Swimming Lessons, each 50

Hours for Ladies, from 9 a.m. to 12 m. and from 3 to 5 p.m. Hours for Gentlemen, from 5 a.m. to 9 a.m. and from 12 m. to 3 p.m.

Boats will leave the foot of Jefferson street, every hour, for the Bathing Establishment.

jy20 1m

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

SUNDAY, : : : : : : : JULY 28, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:50 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	1:00 p.m.

SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Express	10:50 p.m.	6:10 a.m
Mail	1:40 p.m.	6:30 p.m
Somerville Accommod'tn, except Sundays	8:10 a.m.	3:40 p.m

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
" Mail,	8:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:40 a.m.
To commence Wednesday, Jan. 16th		

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. my4

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 2:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

To the Patrons of the Appeal.

You are requested not to pay any carriers without a certificate from me, and to report at the counting desk any irregularity in carriers. L. DAVIES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Services in the Second Presbyterian church to-day at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. T. D. Witherspoon.

Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden street Christian church to-day at the usual hour.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching in this church morning and night, at the usual hours by the pastor, Rev. A. B. Miller. Sabbath school at 9 a.m. Young people's prayer meeting at 4 p.m.

ST. LAZARUS' CHURCH.—Rev. Dr. Wheat having sufficiently recovered from his late accident, divine service may be expected the usual hour this morning and at 8 o'clock p.m. Mr. Leo Wheat will preside at the organ, and the choir are requested to be present.

RETURNED.—John Ainslie, Esq., business manager of the APPEAL, returned yesterday from a business tour to Missouri. His many friends will be glad to learn that he enjoys his usual good health.

AGAIN.—We again thank Capt. E. McCormack of the southern express company for late southern papers. Not a day passes but we are in receipt of favors from him.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.—The course pursued by Dr. White, one of the board of county commissioners, does not seem to be relished by some members of that body. He wants some dark things brought to light, and he is likely to succeed.

BROWNSVILLE BARBECUE.—By reference to our advertising columns this morning it will be seen that there will be a grand conservative barbecue at Brownsville, on Wednesday next. A special train will leave on the Memphis and Ohio railroad at 7 o'clock in the morning, returning in the evening.

COUNTY MATTERS.—The board of county commissioners accepted the bond of Judge Thomas Leonard as county trustee yesterday, and adjourned to meet to-morrow morning at the usual hour.

TO TRAVEL.—Samuel C. Beman, alias Sam. Patch, jr., an old Memphis typo, has recovered from the slight injury received at Houston, Texas, lately and will shortly come this way and afford his old friends an opportunity of witnessing his daring leaps.

HEAVY RAIN.—The heavy rain of yesterday, which commenced falling before daylight and continued the greater part of the day, tended much to make local matters very dull. Either the criminals committed no crimes or the officers of the law were so fond of the shelter as not to look for them.

MAGUIRE'S BENNE PLANT, FOR ALL DERANGEMENTS OF THE BOWELS, EITHER DYSENTERY, SUMMER COMPLAINT, CHOLERA MORBUS, FLUX, ETC., Maguire's Benne Plant is a specific. A few of our friends have tried it during the war, and we commend it to our friends as a most invaluable specific. d&w.

FLORENCE FEMALE COLLEGE.—We take pleasure in calling attention to the card of "The Florence Synodical Female College," which has been established a long time, in its present location, and not only offers the inducement of a first class school, but all the advantages which can be offered by an easy access by the railroad.

A LUXURY.—The "Bank Alley" restaurant, managed by Charley Blanz, and that veteran caterer, Ed Doutaz, is still in full blast, and is liberally supported. On Monday morning, they propose, in addition to their usual elegant lunch, to furnish their visitors with green turtle soup from 10 to 12 o'clock, a.m. Don't forget the place, Bank alley, near Madison, between Main and Front.

CHANGE OF BASE.—We beg to announce to our readers that the popular music dealers, Messrs. Bernard and McClure have removed from Second street to their new room 333 Main street, where they have on hand a large stock of music, musical instruments, and all articles usually kept in a well regulated music store. The latest pieces published may always be found on their counter.

TO BE RESUMED.—We learn that the injury to the machinery of Messrs. Taylor, McBean & Co., has been fully repaired, and that work will be resumed on their sections to-morrow morning. From personal observation, we are free to say that these gentlemen have pushed forward the "work given them to do" in a manner highly creditable to their already well-earned reputation as contractors who have never failed.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received Metropolitan Record, Freeman's Journal, Turf, Field and Farm, New York Clipper, Crimal Zeitung, Irish People, Stat's Zeitung, Boys and Girls Weekly, Frank Leslie, Home Journal, Country Gentleman, Independent, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, New York Ledger, Boston Pilot, Land We Love, for August, and all the late Magazines for August. London Art Journal, for July; Phrenological Journal for August.

MILITARY.—The following telegram was received by Col. Beaumont yesterday:

S. B. Beaumont, Sup't M. P.:

I will be in Memphis on Tuesday to confer with you and the mayor relative to the preservation of order on day of election. G. H. THOMAS,

Maj. Gen. U. S. A.

In our rambles about town we find that all parties are disposed to keep and preserve good order on Thursday next.

RUNNING AND DRUMMING.—The practice of running and drumming for scaling wagons at the various railroad depots has not been much in vogue for some time past. To revive the sport one Clay Drake tried his hand at the Memphis and Charleston railroad yesterday, for which he was promptly arrested by the police. In addition to the aforesaid charge, that of carrying concealed weapons was recorded against him; for all of which he will answer to the clerical commissioner this morning.

WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY. We publish this morning the statement of the Washington Insurance company, properly attested according to law. The figures speak for themselves, and show the affairs of the company to be in a healthy state. To those who know the man, it is unnecessary to say that H. T. Tomlinson is agent for this reliable company. Such of our readers who have not the pleasure of his acquaintance, should not fail to make it. They will find him a genial, clever gentleman, and a business man of rare ability. He is almost an insurance king, and will accept the agency of only first class companies.

MISMANAGEMENT.—Complaints various and loud reach us daily of the irregularity with which the street cars are run. Many persons who live in the extreme northern and southern portions of the city who desire to reach home late at night have to walk, as the cars do not run regularly. Would it not be well to publish the hours at which cars would run. If the company have not the enterprise to do this thing, they are not worthy of public patronage. In other cities well regulated lines are run till after the night, at least. Why should the Memphis road be guilty of such mismanagement?

Hesperian Liniment is the best remedy for Horses. It cures Cuts, Galds, Sprains, Swellings, etc., in three days' time. No one should be without a supply of the great Hesperian Liniment. Price only twenty-five cents. Wm. D'eench & Co.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

REPORTS OF VARIOUS COMMITTEES.

Adoption of By-Laws---Election Dispensaries, Etc.

Present: President Irwin, Secretary Rogers, Drs. Grant, Taylor, Knode, Frayser, Pittman, Brown and Sim. The minutes of the last meeting were read by the secretary, and ordered to stand as recorded.

Dr. Grant submitted a report from the committee of by-laws which were to govern the action of the board providing for the usual mortuary report and regular report by the secretary to the board of mayor and aldermen together, with order of business, etc. The report, on motion, was adopted and the committee discharged.

Dr. Frayser, from the committee appointed to select dispensaries, reported bids from P. Renkirt, J. W. Falls & Co., R. D. Ward & Co., P. E. Huett & Co., H. C. Shearer, Robert Battier, Nippen and Renkirt. The amounts named were forty cents in currency for each prescription, excepting wines and liquors in large quantities as well as quinine.

Dr. Taylor offered a resolution which provided that all druggists who furnished medicines should come down to the scale of prices, and that before accounts be paid they shall be audited by this board.

Dr. Grant suggested as an amendment that three dispensaries be established, one in the northern, one in the southern, and the other in the middle district of the city.

Dr. Taylor moved, as an amendment, that fifteen drug stores be designated as dispensaries. Lost.

Dr. Grant suggested that six druggists, equally distributed, be selected to put up prescriptions for the poor. Adopted. Dr. Taylor voting nay.

Dr. Grant moved that the board proceed to the election of the druggists, which was seconded by Dr. Brown and passed.

The following selections were made:

Northern District—A. Renkirt and J. Battiere.

Central District—H. C. Steever and Taylor.

Southern District—Walker & Tozer and Delin Reakh.

Dr. Grant suggested that prescriptions sent by members of the board to the dispensatry be marked "charity" at the head, and signed by the physician. Adopted.

A communication was read from President Irwin, in reference to the sanitary condition of the city, asking for dirt-carts and disinfectants. Dr. Irwin made a statement in reference to his interview with Col. Beaumont, superintendent of the metropolitan police, during which that officer stated that a desired eight more men to assist in concert with his sanitary police, and he recommended that this force be granted to him.

On motion, the suggestion was accomplished with.

On motion of Dr. Grant, the president and chairman were continued as consulting committee, to confer with Col. Beaumont in reference to sanitary measures.

Dr. Pittman moved that eight men be appointed to act under the direction of Col. Beaumont. Adopted.

Dr. Pittman moved a resolution providing that eight physicians be appointed to visit the poor at the rate of two dollars per visit, or four dollars per day. Lost.

Dr. Grant moved that a mortuary report be furnished weekly to this board by the undertakers, sextons and physicians. If the reports are not made as provided, the case shall be reported to the recorder who will impose the penalty. Adopted.

Dr. Pittman moved that property holders be required to clean the gutters in front of their premises, on Tuesday and Friday of each week. Thereupon the board adjourned.

Memphis, Tenn., July 27, 1867.

P. M. Winters, sheriff Shelby County:

We, the undersigned, citizens and property holders of Memphis, being desirous that peace and good order should be maintained in our city during the forthcoming election, and that all tendencies to riot should be averted, and thinking the best plan that could be adopted would be for you to call out a posse strong enough to preserve quiet and order, do therefore, request you to summon to your aid fifteen hundred men for the above specified purpose, so that the election may be conducted in quiet and by any disgraceful tumult whatsoever:

A. J. White,	R. A. Shepard,
C. J. Seldon,	J. B. Maxwell,
A. J. Mahoney,	John Bunkley,
John C. Lanier,	Eugene Macassey,
J. J. Murphy,	John Johnson,
H. Hardage,	H. Bunkley,
Wm. H. Andrews,	T. F. Frank,
Jno. S. Toof,	H. P. Wells,
Jno. Winchester,	Jno. Campbell,
Henry Wade,	Jno. D. Coffee,
W. P. Hunt,	Jno. Hughes,
H. L. Wiles,	Newton Ford,
M. L. Whelan,	Wm. Bowles,
Jno. B. Robinson,	Jno. Foster.

Michael Magevney.

REPLY.

Believing this to be a case of emergency in the purview of the act of June 7th, 1865, I have, in accordance with your recommendation, directed my deputies to summon fifteen hundred men, of "good moral character and of unquestionable loyalty to the United States and to the State of Tennessee," to aid me, should it be necessary, in preserving and maintaining peace and order on the 1st August, 1867. And I hereby request the co-operation of the metropolitan police of Memphis, and all other peace officers of the county of Shelby, to aid me in maintaining peace, quietness, order and freedom of the ballot box, and to assist, should it be necessary, in the "capture and dispersement of all opposing forces."

P. M. WINTERS,

Sheriff Shelby county.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MEMPHIS, July 26, 1867.

Editors Appeal.—My attention has been called to the necessity of such a modification of our mechanic's lein law as will more effectually protect the mechanic and laborer. I shall warmly support the best measure that can be devised on the subject. It is conceded by all that the law as it now stands needs amendment. The speedy, prompt and certain payment of this most deserving class of our citizens should be secured by the law in all cases. How best to do this, so that every mechanic and laborer who does work, or supplies material, shall have just compensation without delay or endless cost, and yet at the same time not to throw unnecessary embarrassment in the way of the contractor and owner of the property, is the aim to be accomplished. To work this out and give protection to all, shall be my earnest purpose if chosen as one of the representatives of Shelby county. Let the mechanic and laborer get just compensation for his work; let this be shown, and not only will this class be benefitted, but all classes will receive incidental benefit therefrom. The existence of such a state of things will inspire confidence in all parties. No where would there be doubt or distrust. The laborer and the mechanic will toil away with the pleasing reflection that his work and toil will not be in vain. The contractor cheerfully seconded by his labor will have no difficulty in retaining his hands and pushing his work to successful completion, and the owner of the property will feel assured of getting his work done at the time stipulated in the contract.

Such a state of things may be brought about by a judicious amendment of the law on the subject, and if honored with an election, I will work with my whole heart for its attainment.

Resp'y your ob't servant,

W. W. COLEMAN.

THE COURTS.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The jury in the case of Jacob Bernstien returned a verdict of acquittal. The entire of yesterday was consumed by the Kosser habeas corpus case, counsel for the defense used every effort to make out a case of insanity. Several medical men were introduced as experts, but were excepted to by the prosecution and they were excluded by the court. The court compared strictly the law as applied to experts and ruled—"That tho' a professional man may be of high standing, yet he must have made the study of insanity a speciality, and must have had a number of cases under his charge before he could be considered in the light of an expert. The law relating to experts could not be relaxed in favor of medical men. He must be an expert as to the matter under investigation." This strict legal ruling excluded several medical gentlemen who, though having extensive general practice, never were called on to take charge of and treat many insane persons. Great latitude has existed heretofore as to the testimony of medical men on the question of insanity, and this strict ruling of the court will no doubt have a good effect. It will make the plea of insanity much more difficult to establish, which is a "consumption devoutly to be wished." The investigation was continued over to Monday evening, the testimony not being concluded.

CRIMINAL COURT CONTINUED.—The cases for trial on Monday will be taken from the regular calendar, as published last week. This calendar of cases will be exhausted before Monday will be made out and published.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Court will convene on Monday morning in pursuance to adjournment. Monday will be the final motion day of the present term.

For Physicians—For sale, Braithwaite's Retrospect for July 1867, by H. Wade & Co. Jy28-1w

ATTENTION DISTILLERS.—New Stills built to order and Second Hand Stills for sale at Holtenberg & Oertel's, Coppersmiths and Sheet Iron Workers, No. 346 Second street. Steamboat work promptly

No Cholera in Memphis.—The Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial has stood the test of eighteen years' experience, and is stamped as the result of scientific investigation. *Its cures* have been its leading advertisements. A countless multitude of testimonials and certificates from the most influential and respectable citizens of this whole valley of the Mississippi could here be given if necessary, including some of our best physicians. It has been used in the Memphis hospitals as a standard remedy, and is acknowledged by all to be the mighty foe of cholera, cholera morbus, diarrhea, bowel affections, and all "would be" quack doctors, who are endeavoring to palm off upon the public their worthless compounds. Beware of such vile trash! Ask for the genuine Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial, and you cannot possibly be disappointed.

The Aurora Oil.—The introduction of this oil is destined to work a great revolution in the lighting world. It possesses many advantages over all other means of light, from the fact that it is much cheaper than gas or coal oil, is free from any offensive smell, and best of all, non-explosive. We have examined it thoroughly, and without hesitation pronounce it superior to anything extant for the purposes for which it is recommended. It is also superior to turpentine for paints, oils and varnishes. The proprietors, Messrs. H. C. Dewitt & Co., have an office at 24 Madison street, but they dispose of state and county rights to manufacture only. Their patent has seventeen years to run. Territory is being sold rapidly, and parties desiring to make money will find this a good investment. Don't forget, 24 Madison street, up stairs.

CONFECTIONERIES.

P. H. HEINRICH & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Confectioners

—And—

CANDY MANUFACTURERS!

Dealers in Imported

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Fruits, etc.,

No. 236 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in informing the citizens, especially the Ladies, that their Spacious and Magnificent Saloon (the largest and finest in the city), is now open. We will furnish

ICE CREAM,
SODA WATERS,
SHERBERT,
CONFECTIONERIES,
PASTRIES,

And all the VARIOUS LUXURIES and DELICACIES OF THE SEASON, and shall spare no pains to make ours an establishment the most delightful resort in the city.

We shall continue to

MANUFACTURE PURE CANDIES,

in all their variety—furnished fresh, daily, to the City or Country Trade, in any desirable quantity at Low Rates.

Wedding Cakes, Pyramids, Vases,

and all descriptions of PASTRIES made to order, by able and skilled Confectioners.

L. ROCCO & CO.,

290 and 292 Second Street,

jel tf Corner of Madison.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY

REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

INSURANCE AGENCIES

THE ST. LOUIS MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets April 1st, over : $1,500,000.

D. A. JANUARY, : President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, : : Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James S. Lucas,	Henry Overstolz,
Samuel Wilt,	Nick. Schaefer,
Robt. M. Funkhouser,	William T. Gay,
Chas. H. Peck,	David Keith,
Robt. K. Woods,	R. P. Hanenkamp,

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Joe. E. Lynch,

OFFICE—351 Main street, between Union and Gayoso streets, Memphis, Tenn. Office Hours—9 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. jy12

J. D. STILLMAN, M. D.,

Physician for Females.

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND HEART. Office—36 Union street, Memphis, Tenn. ☞ Medicine and treatment sent by express. jy14

DR. C. SPEIGEL, may be found at No. 34 Union street, between Main and Second, where he is prepared to treat all manner of diseases upon the most scientific and approved methods. He has constructed a surgical department with his office, and is prepared to treat all surgical cases. Residence, No. 250 Union street. Office Hours from 8 o'clock to 10 a.m., and from 3 o'clock to 5 p.m.

Patients at a distance promptly attended to. Treatment and medicines sent by express. jy14

L. C. GLOVER, M. D.

ECLECTIC SYSTEM.

Of twenty-one years experience in general practice. Bills made moderate.

Office at Virginia House,

Adams street, Memphis, Tenn.

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 5 and 6, Southern House, corner of Main and Real streets, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or of how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been *PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.*

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

DR. A. S. COUSINS,

Late of Richmond, Va.,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Memphis.

OFFICE—BETHELL BLOCK,

Corner of Main and South Court streets, where he can be found both night and day. jee 1f

DR. G. W. LAWRENCE,

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,

Hot Springs, - Arkansas.

mh19 3m*

DENTISTS.

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS,

No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

ADAMS' BLOCK.

J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. N. M. SNEED, DENTIST, FORMERLY of this city, but for four years past in Savannah, Ga., has purchased of Dr. F. W. Garkey his office, furniture, etc., on corner of Main and Union streets, Memphis, and on the 1st day of August he will take possession, and Dr. G. Yeamans, finding that Liberation Message NOW, in these EVIL DAYS, as your people generously gave me when our beloved South was lost in the battalions of "Philistines."

Avalanche copy one week. jy7 2w

S. HINSON,

DENTIST.

HAS Removed his Office and Residence to

No. 225 Main Street,

Near the Worsham House.

ap4 dAwly

DR. A. WESSON,

DENTIST,

Office, No. 254 Second street, Irving Block,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

DR. WESSON offers his successful practice of more than twenty years and his well known reputation as a skilful Dentist as a guarantee that every operation performed by him will give entire satisfaction. He is in possession of all the latest improvements in be tistry. Teeth extracted without any pain whatever, and replaced immediately if desired.

☞ Don't mistake J. R. Wasson for A. Wesson.

LAWYERS.

W. MESSICK

Attorney at Law.

Office: No. 317 Second Street, near Corner of Monroe,

jy18 MEMPHIS, TENN.

EDGINGTON & HALSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 233 Second St., Jefferson Block.

☞ Special attention given to proceedings in Bankruptcy and in Admiralty. jy14

J. E. R. HAY. M. D. WELCH.

RAY & WELCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Memphis, Tennessee.

☞ Office on the corner of Main and Jefferson Streets, up stairs. Entrance No. 237 Main street. Attention given to proceedings in Bankruptcy. jy9 1f

WM. G. SWAN. G. P. FOUTE.

SWAN & FOUTE,

Attorneys,

MEMPHIS.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MATTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office—DeSoto Block,

Madison Street, between Main and Second.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, ROBERT A. HATCHER,
Late of Gallatin, Tenn. Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee. jy14

C. S. CAMERON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

—AND—

United States Commissioner,

Office over Commercial Bank,

Entrance No. 19 Madison St., MEMPHIS, TENN.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. my8

ALBERT PIKE & SON, PIKE & ADAMS,
Little Rock, Ark. 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.

LEWIS & CRAIG

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Sullivan Block, No. 280 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.

Mr. E. Williamson will be found at the above. mh12 6m

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec5 1y*

JOHN S. KERR. J. W. WESTCOTT. GEO. E. STAHL.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 270 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

J. W. Westcott,

United States Commissioner and Commissioner for all the States.

REUBEN DAILEY,

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER,

No. 350 Second Street,

☞ Depositions in Admiralty cases taken in Short-hand and transcribed. No extra charge. ap24 3m

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER.

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

—AND—

GENERAL AGENTS,

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2 KIT WILLIAMS BLOCK, corner of Madison and Second streets, we intend doing a strictly a Real Estate, Brokerage and Collecting business in Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in July, 1867, and pledge ourselves to use every effort in our power to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY,
J. B. PORTER.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO,

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL DE LAINES, and with the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,

All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,

Order Samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and reserve your orders, and the Goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't,

Charlotte, N. C.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. FLAHERTY
C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

General Undertakers and Dealers in Metalic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

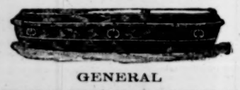
No. 388 Second St., N. E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS



GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ☞ my24

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. R. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

METALIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS,

No. 70 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment all styles of articles in this line, in as great variety as can be found in the city, and

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

mh19 1y

LEATHER, HIDES, ETC.

IF YOU WANT ANY

SADDLES OR HARNESS

GO TO

S. FRED. HAILMAN,

No. 90

JEFFERSON STREET.

If You Don't Believe It, Go and See.

ap25 3m

HIDES, HIDES, HIDES!

WANTED; WANTED, WANTED!

Will pay the highest Market Price, at the Memphis Tannery, in Chelsea, or at

M. APP & CO.'S,

No. 360 Front street.

mh30 3m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

Blank-Book Manufacturers,

BOOK-BINDERS, PRINTERS,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STATIONERY,

No. 197, Main Street,

Memphis, Tenn.

WE have, connected with our house, a first-class

STEAM JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

And are prepared at all times to do COMMERCIAL, LAW, STEAMBOAT and RAILROAD PRINTING, in the neatest, cheapest and best style of workmanship.

Call and examine our goods, styles and prices.

A. H. ISAACSON. H. O. SEIXAS

ISAACSON, SEIXAS & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

IMPORTERS,

No. 66 Common Street,

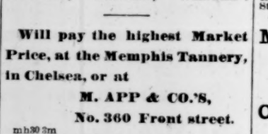
NEW ORLEANS.

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchase of Cotton, Sugar, and Molasses.

REFERENCES:

Commercial Bank of Tennessee, Memphis;
Pike, Lapeyre & Brother, New Orleans;
R. M. Robyan, Banker, St. Louis. feb23 1f

W. W. STILES,



J. O. Ford & Co.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SADDLERY

—AND—

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Old Stand Opp. Court Square,

NO. 257 1-2 MAIN STREET,

Memphis, Tenn.

FORD, DIXON & CO., SAYER, PLUMB & CO.,
St. Louis, Mo. New Orleans, La.

Harvest, Harvest, Harvest!

FOR SALE LOW, to close Trust Deed—

REAPERS, MOWERS,
CRADLES, SCYTHES,
THRESHING MACHINES,
HORSE POWERS,
WHEELBARROWS,

And other Agricultural Implements.

MILES OWEN, Trustee,
my21 1m 266 Front street.

STILL WE FLOAT.

CITY SCRIP TAKEN AT PAR

—FOR—

GOODS AT NEW YORK COST

—AT—

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.'S

294 MAIN STREET,

Clark's Marble Block.

WE STILL HAVE LEFT

$25,000 WORTH OF GOODS,

Which we offer, AT ACTUAL COST, for

City Scrip at Par.

In our Stock can be found a nice lot of

Childrens' Clothing

FURNISHING

—AND—

PIECE GOODS

For Gentlemens' Wear.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is in full blast, for which Scrip will be taken.

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
294 Main Street.

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

E. H. McLURE,

Architect and Engineer.

COTTON--COMMISSIONS

W. H. GOODLETT. J. E. GOODLETT.

GOODLETT & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION Merchants, 262 Front street, over J. F. Frank's, Memphis, Tenn. Consignments of all descriptions solicited. je14 daw2m

BUFFIN, FINNEY & CO.,

(Successors to Norment, Buffin & Finney).

Cotton Factors

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 15 Union Street,

(Up-stairs in Lee Block—Rooms, Nos. 11 and 12,)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. je2 1f

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

No. 254 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.,

Next to Commercial Hotel, Up Stairs.

☞ Prompt attention paid to all business intrusted to us, and special attention given to filling cash orders for any description of merchandise. my24m

E. D. COBB,

Cotton Broker,

AGENT

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and all its connections.

Office, 208 Front street.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING GIVEN TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. HECKERT, Freight and Transfer Agent, Cincinnati.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, JR., & CO.,

Storage and Commission House

NO. 200 FRONT STREET,

Store and Sell on Commission.

ap23 3m

JOHN J. BROWN, Formerly of the firm of Dean & Brown, Richmond, Va. REUBEN E. BROWN, Late of Olive Branch, DeSoto county, Mississippi.

JAMES E. DILLARD, Late with Crowder & Co., Memphis.

BROWN, DILLARD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

VIRGINIA AND WESTERN

Tobacco Agents,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

214 Front Street, Cor. Adams,

MEMPHIS, Tenn. Will give strict attention to the sale of all consignments entrusted to their care. Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments in hand. Remittances promptly made on all sales. ap18 daw3m

LEE CRANDALL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

198 Gravier Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

M'COMBIE & CHILD,

No. 61 Broad Street,

NEW YORK.

feb27 6m

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,

Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

General Commission Merchants,

And is for the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce, Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of those articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments. feb2 3m

J. B. MOODY, Late of Memphis and St. Louis.
JOHN WIMBISH, Late of N. Carolina.

MOODY & WIMBISH,

Successors to

HAINER, MASON & DYER,

Commission Merchants

—IN—

GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS

—AND—

Western Produce Generally,

NO. 4 BRADLEY BLOCK,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

R. O. BRADLEY,

Dealer in all kinds of

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS. Buggies, Wagons, Harness, Etc.

J. O. Ford & Co.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SADDLERY

—AND—

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Old Stand Opp. Court Square,

NO. 257 1-2 MAIN STREET,

Memphis, Tenn.

FORD, DIXON & CO., SAYER, PLUMB & CO.,
St. Louis, Mo. New Orleans, La.

Harvest, Harvest, Harvest!

FOR SALE LOW, to close Trust Deed—

REAPERS, MOWERS,
CRADLES, SCYTHES,
THRESHING MACHINES,
HORSE POWERS,
WHEELBARROWS,

And other Agricultural Implements.

MILES OWEN, Trustee,
my21 1m 266 Front street.

Produce Broker,

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO HIS FRIENDS safe plan, an

Exclusive Cash Basis.

☞ Particular attention paid to SALES OF REAL ESTATE, and proceeds deposited in Bank to our credit or remitted either by Draft or Express, as directed. je15 1f

Trust Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of a certain Deed of Trust to me executed by Sallie Baxter, on the 19th day of April, 1867, (recorded in Book No. 60, part 1, pages 503, 4 and 5, in Register's office,) for the purpose of securing Selden, Williams & Co. in the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned, I will offer for sale, on Monday, the 12th day of August next, between the usual hours of legal sales, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, and in the particularly described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. 5 and 6 of the subdivision of No. 79 and 80, bounded on the north by Walker avenue; on the east by lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; on the south by the alley line of said lots, and on the west by lot No. 7. Said property will be sold to satisfy the terms of said Deed of Trust. TERMS CASH. While I execute and deliver the title to be conveyed by him will be good, still he will only sell such title as vests in him as Trustee, as aforesaid.

jy13 1m C. C. SELDEN, Trustee.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 1737—John Overton vs. Geo. A. Stovall et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, J. B. Locke, is a resident of the State of Louisiana and non-resident of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That he make his appearance herein at the Courthouse, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in July, 1867, and plead, answer or demur to complainant bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the MEMPHIS APPEAL.

A copy—attest:

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. Black, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Gantt & Waddell, sols. for complainant.
jel lawiw

Attachment Suit.

CLERK'S OFFICE, June 22, 1867.

John Antrim and Louis Sweet, partners as Antrim & Sweet, Plaintiffs, vs. M. W. Reid and Thomas J. Reid, partners as Reid & Brother, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of Section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc." on the property of the defendants, Reid & Brother:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendants appear at the Courthouse, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the second Monday in October next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.

A copy—attest: JOHN DONOVAN, Clerk.
Jonny W. Graham, Deputy Clerk.
H. Clay King, Attorney for Plaintiffs.
jy8 lawiw

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1867.

THE DYING MOTHER.

We were weeping round her pillow,
For we knew that she must die,
It was night within our bosoms—
It was night upon the sky.

There were seven of us children,
I the oldest one of all;
So I tried to whisper comfort,
But the blinding tears would fall.

On my knees my little brother,
Leaned his aching brow and wept,
And my sister's long black tresses
O'er my heaving bosom swept.

The shadow of an awful fear
Came o'er me as I trod,
To lay the burden of our grief
Before the throne of God.

"Oh! be kind to one another,"
Was the mother's pleading prayer,
As her hand lay like a snow-flake,
On the baby's golden hair.

Then a glory round her forehead,
Like the glory of a crown,
And in the silent sea of death
The star of life went down.

Her latest breath was borne away
Upon that loving prayer;
And the hand grew heavier—paler,
In the baby's golden hair.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, July 27, 1867.

Gold is bought at 38½ to 39c, and sold at 40c. The local demand, however, is very light indeed.

In silver there is no change to report. Halves and quarters, in small amounts, are bought at 28 to 29c, while 30c is offered for large pieces in fair lots.

City scrip is in moderate demand. Buying at 58c and selling at 60c.

Exchange on New York is bought at ¼ off to par. Selling at ¼ premium on New York and Cincinnati, and on St. Louis at ½ premium.

County scrip is dull, and dealers are not alike in their offerings. Some will pay but 75 to 76c, while others offer 80c. Selling at 80 to 82c.

Police scrip is dull, and only one or two brokers are disposed to buy. 60c would be the outside buying rate. Selling at an advance of from 2 to 3c on the dollar.

There were no sales of stocks or bonds reported.

A well executed counterfeit ten dollar bill on the Third National bank of Philadelphia has recently been put in circulation.

Since the first of July the proper officers of the postoffice department have been engaged in recognizing and paying all old claims of railroad and steamboat companies throughout the union for services rendered the government by mail contracts and otherwise. Also, in settling the accounts of many individuals, and especially those from the southern states who have performed services for the government.

The new fiscal year which opened July first, shows slightly favorable returns from the internal revenue. To the present date the receipts have been $25,500,000, and the receipts for some time to come are expected to average two-thirds of a million per day.

A single firm in Southern Illinois has sold during the season, in six counties, no less than 406 new reaping machines. These, with all the old machines in those counties, have been busy for some time in cutting the abundant grain harvest of that granary state.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* thus gives timely warning to capitalists that heavy sums of money will be needed to move the crops:

The fact to be learned is often to be forewarned. The money market is now easy, but the summer demand for movement of crops is likely to create more or less stringency, that will be felt here in the next thirty days or six weeks. It would seem that the annual recurrence of this pressure must secure for it the attention of all interested; but as it appears to find the community unprepared for it each year, we think it can do no harm to bring it thus early to the public attention. The large amount which will be required, if the crops fulfill the present estimate, will be likely to increase the rigor of the call, and all our moneyed institutions, as well as everybody in business, should be prepared for it. We suppose that such preparation will moderate the urgency of the demand, and it is for this purpose that we make the present notice.

S. H. TOBEY, President. ED. C. KERR, Cashier.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate	GEORGIA.	Buying Rate
Bank of Tenn. old is se.	30	Augusta I. & R. Co.	5
" New is se.	30	Bank of Augusta	45
" Chattanooga is	70	" Athens	40
Middle Tennessee is	50	" Columbus	6
City Bank	60	" Commerce	4
Merchant's Bank	95	" Fulton	40
Northern Bank	55	" Georgia	90
Cooper "	95	" Macon	50
Planters' "	90	" Savannah	80
Union "	98	" State of Ga.	12
Shelbyville "	50	Central R. R. & B. Co.	75
Southern "	20	City S'k of Augusta	25
Traders' "	95	F'm'rs & M'ch'cs	6
ALABAMA.		Ga. R. & B. Co.	75
Bank of Mobile	95	Marine Bank	95
" Montgomery	40	Mech's & F'rs B'k	5
" Selma	20	Planters' Bank	20
Commercial Bank	12	Union Bank	4
Eastern Bank	40	Wm's & Fay's Bank	90
Northern "	30	Man'fact'rs	12
Central "	5	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Southern "	10	Bank of Camden	23
NORTH CAROLINA.		" Charleston	15
Bank of Cape Fear	20	" Chester	7
" Charlotte	50	" Georgetown	10
" Clarendon	2	" Hamburg	15
" Commerce	12	" Newberry	30
" Fayetteville	5	" Carolina	7
" Lexington	10	" State, old is	5
" Carolina	30	" State, new is	5
" Wadesboro'	20	Commercial Bank	2
" Washington	10	Exchange Bank	10
" Wilmington	10	Farm'rs & Exch'ge	5
" Yanceyville	5	Merchants' Bank	8
Commercial Bank	16	People's Bank	40
Farmers' B'k of N. C.	20	Planters' "	60
Merchants' Bank	40	Planters & Mech's B'k	10
Mineral Fd Trust B'k	27	S. C. R. R.	22
LAND WARRANTS.		State Bank	60
40 acres, war 1812	40	Union "	60
80 " "	80	FOREIGN EXCHANGE.	
120 " "	100	Draft on Liverpool,	par
160 " "	140	Sterling and Scotland,	par
160 " not "	140	$7 for 1 lb. sterling.	
BONDS.		France, Switzerland & Belgium,	5 francs for $1 00.
M. & C. R.R. bonds	75		
M. & C. R.R. coupons	80	GERMANY.	
M. & O. R.R. bonds	22	Bremen $1.16 for 1 gold thaler	
M. & O. R.R. coupons	20		
Tenn. bonds, old	66	Berlin, $1 07 for 1 Prussian thaler	
" new	64		
Tenn. coupons	70	Frankfort, 61½c for 1 florin	
Miss. C. R.R. 1st m'g'e	55		
" 2d "	40	Sweden, 115c for one rixdollar.	
Memphis City bonds	50		
" " coupons	98		

COTTON—The sales to-day were light and prices about the same as yesterday. Holders are not disposed to sell, and are very firm in their views. Orders come in quite freely, but are filled only in few instances, the small quantity of fine cotton on hand rendering it impossible to do so. We quote a good style of middling at 25c; low middling, 23 to 24c; good ordinary, 21 to 22c; ordinary, 18 to 20c, and inferior at from 14 to 17c. Receipts to-day, 74 bales; shipments, 921 bales. Receipts for the week, 236 bales; shipments, 1369 bales.

The Merchants' Exchange *Prices Current* of this morning says of trade and crop prospects:

The business of the week has been light and shows little improvement on the dull routine of the spring and summer. Symptoms of a brisk trade in the fall are daily increasing, however, and planters and capitalists, as well as merchants and speculators, are now more generally disposed to look with confidence to the future, although late reports concerning the growing cotton are not favorable when compared with the prospects of a fortnight ago. The worm is making sad havoc in Texas and Louisiana, and coupled with this fact there are general complaints of wet weather and grass. On the other hand, the corn crop promises abundantly and may be considered safe beyond all contingency. The harvest in the north and west is grand beyond all precedent, and the entire country is teeming with plenty, so that should cotton fail to turn out as well as expected, there will at least be a healthier state of commercial affairs and cheaper living after this season. There is no reason, however, to apprehend that the cotton crop will be a failure; it never has been satisfactory until gathered, and complaints are always to be expected from planters, no matter how favorable the prospects. The corn crop having been secured, farmers have now more time to devote to cotton, and its redemption from grass will be speedily accomplished, while with regard to the worm, we have heard little complaint from elsewhere than Texas and Louisiana.

APPLES—Market well supplied, $1 to $5 per barrel.

BRAN—Dull and declining, $31 to $32 per ton.

BUTTER—Choice is scarce and active at 25c. Common is plentiful and unsaleable.

BEANS—None in market.

CHICKENS—Large supply, $3 to $3 50 per dozen. Old, $4 25 to $4 50.

CHEESE—Very light stock and little demand; western reserve, 15c; English dairy, 18c.

COFFEE—Fair stock, demand light. Rio, 25 to 28c; Laguayra, 30 to 32c; Java, 38 to 40c.

CORN—The market is quiet but firm. Selling on levee at $1 16 to $1 20 for yellow and $1 30 to $1 35 for white.

CORNMEAL—Brisk demand, and firm at $4 50 to $5 75.

EGGS—The market is dull. Fresh packed, 21 to 22c.

FLOUR—The market is dull and so unsettled that none but family and fancy brands are quotable, $14 to $16 per barrel.

HIDES—There is an active demand for all kinds. Flint, 18c; dry salt, 16c; green salt, 10c; green, 8½ deer skin, 30c.

HAY—The demand is entirely local and is light. Selling in store at $26 to $28. None on levee.

LARD—Fair stock and moderate call. Tierces, 12½ to 13c; kegs, 14 to 14½c.

LIME—Not active, with a good supply. Ohio, $1 25 to $1 50; Cape, $2 25 Alabama, $2 25.

MOLASSES—The supply is not large, and demand light. Common to fair, 70 to 80c; choice, 90 to 95c; syrup, $1 to $1 50.

MACKEREL—There is a good stock on hand. Prices are steady at $21 to $22 for No. 1; $19 to $20 for No. 2; $17 to $18 for No. 3. Half barrels and kits in proportion. Virginia roe herrings, half barrels, $8 50; Virginia mess, $7 00; North Carolina family roe herrings, $8 50; cut, per barrel, $13 00; white shad, per barrel, $8 50.

OILS—The market is well supplied. Coal, common, 48 to 50c; extra, 53 to 55c; lard, $1 to $1 15; train, $1 15 to $1 25; linseed, $1 60; sperm, $1 75 to $2; turpentine, none.

OATS—Receipts small and prices advancing. Sales on levee at $1 15.

ONIONS—Dull and nominal, $4 to $5.

PROVISIONS—The market is quiet and firm. Mess pork is selling in small lots at $26 to 26 50; prime mess, $22; clear sides, 17 to 17½c; shoulders, 13½ to 14c; canvassed hams, 20 to 22½c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 20c.

POTATOES—Abundant and dull; no market.

ROPE—A light stock with no demand. Prices are steady. We quote for machine made 12½ to 13c; hand made 10 to 11c.

SUGAR—The receipts are light, and prices are firm. Crushed and powdered, 19 to 20c; A coffee, 18c; B, 17c; C, 16 to 16½c.

SALT—The stock of barrels is light and an advance of 25c is claimed, but other descriptions are unchanged. Sacks, $2 30 to $2 60; barrels, $3 25 to $3 50.

TOBACCO—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. We quote natural leaf at $1 10 to $1 25; fancy Virginia, new work, 85 to $1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1 to $1 10; medium do., pounds, 60 to 80c; common bright, pounds, 50 to 60c; fine and fancy smoking, 75 to $1 50; common, 30 to 50c.

TAR—In kegs, $6 per doz.

WHISKY—The market is dull for all grades. Common, $1 65 to $2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25 to $3; Bourbon, $3 25 to $5.

Wagon and Carriage Material.

Corrected Daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 114 and 116 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00	$15 00
Buggy wheels, Sarven's patent	—	25 25
Heavy wagon wheels, per set	20	25
Wagon hubs, per set	1 25	2 00
Wagon hubs, do	1 40	4 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 50	5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75	3 75
Bent fellows, do	1 80	3 85
Sawed fellows, do	1 50	3 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	—	6 00
Buggy poles, each	—	90
Buggy seats and N. Yokes, doz	2 00	2 25
Plow handles, per dozen	2 00	2 50
Buggy beds, each	14 50	17 50

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

A very heavy rain set in at an early hour yesterday morning. It fell in torrents, swelling the bayous and gutters with water. The levee was washed clean of mud, and business was very fair. The rivers above are falling, except at the head waters of the Mississippi, where the damage from the recent flood was quite extensive. The rise was sudden, and the decline was equally so. Low water will soon be upon us.

Arrivals.

Steamer Sam. Gaty, St. Louis.
" Enterprize, Arkansas river.
" P. W. Strader, New Orleans.

Departures.

Steamer P. W. Strader, Louisville.
" Enterprize, St. Louis.
" Sam. Gaty, Vicksburg.
" Dan. Able, Vicksburg.
" Gleaner, Arkansas river.
" City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Victor, Haile's Point.

Boats in Port.

Darling, J. S. McCune.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Darling, owing to the rain, did not get away last evening. Capt. Kates will however back out at noon to-day, and will go through to Cincinnati sure. Mr. Powers, her chief clerk, will be found an agreeable and pleasant gentleman to travel with.

The Welcome, Capt. Johnson, will leave the city wharf-boat on to-morrow evening for Vicksburg and the bends.

There are several parties bidding for the transportation of material for the Nicolson pavement. 200,000 cubic yards of sand, 500,000 cubic yards of gravel and 3,000,000 feet of lumber will be required to finish the work.

The paving of the levee between Court and Union streets should be prosecuted to completion. Business will revive very soon, and this work is needed quite as badly as any other. It can be done now at less expense to the contractor than later in the season. There are plenty of idle hands who would be glad to get work. Let it go on by all means.

A towboat and barges of the M. V. T. company passed up yesterday.

The steamer Mollie Hambleton, Capt. Bowman, will leave as usual for St. Francis river on Tuesday. Capt. Tom Day's her chief clerk.

The gay Belle Memphis, Capt. Henniway, with Geo. Deane in the office, goes out for Cairo and St. Louis to-morrow at 5 p.m.

The "old reliable" is again on the war path. This favorite packet, rigged out in splendor, will leave on her regular day, Tuesday next, for all points on "old White." Capt. Ashford has given his especial attention to her outfit, and has made her look very handsome, indeed.

The City of Cairo departed for St. Louis last evening. Among her passengers was Capt. James O. Durff, of the *Avalanche*. He spends a few days with his family in Metropolis, and then goes to New York via Niagara Falls. We know what his business is at the latter place, but are not at liberty to say more than that Bennett, jr., of the *Herald*, has sent for Jim to consult about a new yacht now in course of construction. We wish him well, and hope his *route* may be strewn with pleasantness. Capt. Bob Riley is welcome back into his old trade, and will, we hope, continue in it, as he is a popular and competent officer. His boat is one of the finest in the packet line, and every one speaks in terms of highest praise of the excellence arrived at by his able steward, Mr. Pat Ryan. As a *chef de cuisine*, he stands at the head of his profession, and no weary traveler can leave the Cairo without feeling the good effects of Ryan's substantial favors.

Passengers down from Harket, report the sickness on the increase, averaging from ten to twelve cases per day, with a greater number of deaths in proportion than heretofore. Some of the physicians still pronounce it Asiatic cholera, though from all accounts it lacks several features pertaining to that disease.

E. H. Durfee's mountain trade steamer, Jennie Brown, left the trading post on the upper Missouri on July 7th, and arrived at Leavenworth on the 22d. She brought for her owner, Mr. Durfee, 800 bales of buffalo robes and furs, eight buffalo calves, an antelope and white bear cub. From Mr. Durfee's dusky friends he received numerous gifts of bows and arrows, moccasins, pipes and tobacco. Among other articles is a medicine pipe, presented by Wa-shun-tunk-a. These facts are too numerous to mention in detail, but all go to show that the red men do not forget one who does not rob them. No unfriendly Indians were seen anywhere along the route. The trip was both pleasant and profitable. The Jennie Brown will make a second trip to the mountains.

Vall. Entricken and Ed. Sparhawk, who are well known on the river, have become connected with a new enterprise at St. Louis—a journal called the *Merchants' Indicator*.

Capt. H. W. Symmes has sold the steamer Dora for $12,000 to Capt. K. Ledwick.

The St. Paul *Press*, of Tuesday, has the following in regard to the great flood in the upper river: The river is now at the very least a foot higher than it has been this year, and is still rising slowly. The floors of the warehouses on the levee are all under water, except some of the highest, and if it rises much more they also will be submerged. Hundreds and hundreds of cords of wood have floated down, and numbers of men, women and boys have been busy with spears, rakes and other implements, gathering as much of it as they could,